

NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA

FACULTY OF ARTS

DEPARTMENT OF RELIGIOUS STUDIES

COURSE CODE: ARA183

COURSE TITLE: ARABIC CONVERSATION



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Lagos Office

14/16 Ahmadu Bello Way Victoria Island, Lagos

Email: centralinfo@noun.edu.ng

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COURSE GUIDE

ARA 183 ARABIC CONVERSATION

Course Developer/Writer Mr. Salman A. Yunus

Department of Foreign Languages

Lagos State University

Content Editor Dr. A.F. Ahmed

National Open University of Nigeria

Programme Leader Dr. A. F. Ahmed

National Open University of Nigeria

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Introduction

ARA 183: Arabic Conversation is a two- unit course taught in the first semester of the first year of B.A. Islamic Studies programmes. It is available for Islamic major students and also for the non-majors since it is especially packaged to suit both levels of major and non-major students. This course exposes you to Arabic language as a vehicle of communication and expression of ideas and feelings. It allows you to acquire oral and conversational competence that will empower you to engage others in the spoken Arabic.

To help you attain this feat, we have broken the course into fourteen units. In the first unit we will adequately introduce you to the Arabic language consonants and vowels as well as other issues relating to them. We have in a simple and clear style treated these issues so that the unit will serve as an effective key with which you will be able to open discussions in the language. After this, we have in the other 13 units brought simplified conversations on varieties of issues. Hence, after this course you will be very familiar with Arabic expressions and conversational methods.

Course Aims

This course contains 14 units with each unit stating clearly its objectives. However, the course has its overall aims which include:

- 3 To introduce you to Arabic language as a functional tool of communication.
- 4 To teach you the way native speakers of Arabic express their thoughts and feelings
- 5 To expose you to the language culture and civilization of the Arabs.
- 6 To give you words and expressions that are in use in different contexts.
- 7 To encourage you to learn further the language of the Arabs.

Course Objectives

We have packaged this course in such a way that it will give you the potency and the will to do certain things. It is our hope that after a thorough study of this course, you should be able to:

- 3 Read smoothly any text written in Arabic
- 4 Comprehend speeches delivered in Arabic
- 5 Speak fluently in Arabic language
- 6 Engage colleagues in the speaking of Arabic
- 7 Partake in discussions based on Arabic
- 8 Describe objects and events happening around you in good Arabic.

Working through this Course

There are fourteen study units compartmentalized in three Modules in this course. All of them are mandatory on you to work through if you wish to have a good standing in interactions with Arabic language.

Course Materials

The main components of this course are:

- 1.0 Course Guide
- 2.0 Unit Components of Study Modules
- 3.0 Text-books
- 4.0 Assignments File
- 5.0 Presentation Schedule

Study Units

Module 1

Unit 1	The Arabic Alphabets and Related Issues
Unit 2	Conversation on Greetings and Introduction
Unit 3	Conversation on the Family Membership
Unit 4	Conversation on Postal Services
Unit 5	Conversation on Medical Services

Module 2

Unit 1	Conversation on the School
Unit 2	Conversation with School Mate
Unit 3	Conversation on Transportation
Unit 4	Conversation on Communication

Module 3

Unit 1	Conversation on Religion
Unit 2	Conversation on Good Morals
Unit 3	Conversation on Business Transactions
Unit 4	Conversation on Manual
Unit 5	Military Services and Sports

Textbooks and References

The conversations here are a result of our age-long interactions in Arabic and field experience. However, some reading materials have actually provided light for us. These books and reading materials are contained in the reference sections at the end of each unit. Try to get these books and read them so that you can widen your horizon.

Assignments File

In this file, you will find all the details of the work you must submit to your tutor for marking. The marks you obtain from these assignments will count towards the final marks you obtain for this course. Further information on assignments will be found in the Assignments File itself and later in this Course Guide in the section on assessment.

Tutor-Marked Assignment

Every study unit has its assignments. You are advised to work through all the assignments and submit them for assessment. Your tutor will assess the assignments and select four which will constitute the 30% of your final grade. The tutor-marked assignments may be presented to you in a separate file. Just know that at the end of every unit there are some tutor-marked assignments for you. It is important you do and submit them for assessment.

Final Examination and Grading

The final examination will be a test of three hours. All areas of the course will be examined. Find time to read the unit all over before your examination. The final examination will attract 70% of the total course grade. The examination will consist of questions, which reflect the kinds of self assessment exercises and tutor marked assignment you have previously encountered. And all aspects of the course will be assessed. You should use the time between completing the last unit, and taking the examination to revise the entire course

Course Marking Scheme

The following table lays out how the actual course mark allocation is broken down.

Assessment	Marks
Assignments (Best Three Assignments out of	
Four Marked)	= 30%

Final Examination	= 70%
Total	100%

Course Overview and Presentation Schedule

The dates for submission of all assignments will be communicated to you. You will also be told the date of completing the study units and dates for examinations.

Unit	Title of Work	Weeks	
		Activity	
	Course Guide		
	Module 1		
1	The Arabic Alphabets and related issues	Week 1	
2	Greetings and Introduction.	Week 2	
3	The Family	Week 3	Assignment 1
4	Postal Services	Week 4	
5	Medical Services	Week 5	
	Module 2		
1	The School I	Week 6	
2	The School II	Week 7	
3	Transportation	Week 8	Assignment 2
4	Communication	Week 9	
	Module 3		
1	Religion	Week 10	
2	Good Morals	Week 11	
3	Business Transaction	Week 12	Assignment 3
4	Manual Labour	Week 13	
5	Military Services and Sports	Week 14	
	Revision	1	
	Examination	1	Assignment 4
	Total	14	

How to Get the Most from the Course

Since you will have minimal contact with the lecturer of this course, you are expected to do a lot of independent studying.

As you study independently, take notes about points that you do not understand and endeavour to clear up such points at the various tutorials and discussions organised on the course. Each unit is interspersed with self-tests which are meant to enable you to evaluate yourself against the set objectives in the units as you progress. You are advised to take the unit objectives seriously since they will guide you in your reading of the unit contents.

In distance learning, the study units replace the university lecture. This is one of the great advantages of distance learning; you can read and work through specially designed study materials at your own pace, and at a time and place that suits you best. Think of it as reading the lecture instead of listening to the lecturer. In the same way a lecturer might give you some reading to do, the study units tell you where to read, and which are your text materials or set books. You are provided exercises to do at appropriate points, just as a lecturer might give you an in-class exercise. Each of the study units follows a common format. The first item is an introduction to the subject matter of the unit, and how a particular unit is integrated with the other units and the course as a whole. Next to this is a set of learning objectives. These objectives let you know what you should be able to do by the time you have completed the unit. These learning objectives are meant to guide your study. The moment a unit is finished, you must go back and check whether you have achieved the objectives. If this is made a habit, then you will significantly improve your chances of passing the course. The main body of the unit guides you through the required reading from other sources. This will usually be either from your set books or from a Reading section. The following is a practical strategy for working through the course. If you run into any trouble, telephone your tutor. Remember that your tutor's job is to help you. When you need assistance, do not hesitate to call and ask your tutor to provide it:

- 1. Read this Course Guide thoroughly, it is your first assignment.
- 2. Organize a Study Schedule. Design a 'Course Overview' to guide you through the course. Note the time you are expected to spend on each unit and how the assignments relate to the units. Important information, e.g. details of your tutorials, and the date of the first day of the Semester is available from the study centre. You need to gather all the information into one place, such as your diary or a wall calendar. Whatever method you choose to use, you should decide on and write in your own dates and schedule of work for each unit.
- 3. Once you have created your own study schedule, do everything to stay faithful to it. The major reason why students fail is that they get behind in their course work if you get into difficulties with your schedule, please, let your tutor know before it is too late for help.
- 4. Turn to Unit I, and read the introduction and the objectives for the unit.

- 5. Assemble the study materials. You will need your set books and the unit you are studying at any point in time.
- 6. Work through the unit. As you work through the unit, you will know what sources to consult for further information.
- 7. Keep in touch with your study centre. Up-to-date course information will be continuously available there.
- 8. Well before the relevant due dates (about 4 weeks before due dates), keep in mind that you will learn a lot by doing the assignment carefully. They have been designed to help you meet the objectives of the course and, therefore, will help you pass the examination. Submit all assignments not later than the due date.
 - Review the objectives for each study unit to confirm that you have achieved them. if you feel unsure about any of the objectives, review the study materials or consult your tutor.
 - When you are confident that you have achieved a unit's objectives, you can start on the next unit. Proceed unit by unit through the course and try to pace your study so that you keep yourself on schedule.
 - When you have submitted an assignment to your tutor for marking, do not wait for its return before stating on the next unit. Keep to your schedule. When the assignment is returned, pay particular attention to your tutor's comments, both on the tutor-marked assignment form and also the written comments on the ordinary assignments.
 - After completing the last unit, review the course and prepare yourself for the final examination. Check that you have achieved the unit objectives (listed at the beginning of each unit) and the course objectives (listed in the Course Guide).

Facilitators/Tutors and Tutorials

Information relating to the tutorials will be provided at the appropriate time. Your tutor will mark and comment on your assignments, keep a close watch on your progress and on any difficulties you might encounter and provide assistance to you during the course. You must take your tutor-marked assignments to the study centre well before the

due date (at least two working days are required). They will be marked by your tutor and returned to you as soon as possible.

Do not hesitate to contact your tutor if you need help. Contact your tutor if:

- 1. you do not understand any part of the study units or the assigned readings
- 2. you have difficulty with the exercises
- 3. you have a question or problem with an assignment or with your tutor's comments on an assignment or with the grading of an assignment.

You should try your best to attend the tutorials. This is the only chance to have face-to-face contact with your tutor and ask questions which are answered instantly. You can raise any problem encountered in the course of your study. To gain the maximum benefit from course tutorials, prepare a question list before attending them. You will learn a lot from participating in discussion actively.

Summary

Arabic Conversation is a course that sets to provide you with the required conversational competence in Arabic language.

This is why it teaches you how to identify Arabic letters and word, pronounce them and make speeches with them. The various topics under which we have composed the conversations are life issues which have direct relevance to your environment. After studying this course you will discover that you have attained a certain progress level different from what you were before this course.

We wish you success in your study and hope that you will find it both interesting and useful.

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NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA

National Open University of Nigeria Headquarters 14/16 Ahmadu Bello Way Victoria Island Lagos

Abuja Office: No.5 Dar-es-Salaam Street Off Aminu Kano Crescent Wuse II, Abuja Nigeria

e-mail: centralinfo@nou.edu.ng

URL: www.nou.edu.ng

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MODULE 1

Unit 1	The Arabic Alphabets Identification, Pronunciation and
	Writing as Well as Other Associated Facts
Unit 2	Conversations on Greetings and Introduction
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UNIT 1 THE ARABIC ALPHABETS: IDENTIFICATION, PRONUNCIATION AND WRITING AS WELL AS OTHER ASSOCIATED FACTS

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- 2.0 Objectives
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 - 3.5 The Arabic Vowels
 - 3.6 A Note on *Hamzah*
- 4.0 Conclusion
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- 7.0 References/Further Readings

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Arabic language is one of the leading languages in the world. Like few other world languages, it enjoys relevance in international discourse on both secular and religious matters. But like any other language, to attain proficiency in conversations with Arabic, knowledge of basics such as its consonants and vowels, pronunciation and writing of the letters and words as well as other related facts must be mastered. In this unit, therefore, we will treat these basics in a simple and clear style that will make it easy for you to acquire the required solid and enabling background in the language.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- identify Arabic vowels and consonants
- pronounce Arabic letters and words correctly write
- Arabic letters and words correctly.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 The Arabic Alphabet

The Arabic alphabet consists of 29 letters. With the exception of the first letter, Arabic letters are all consonants. Arabs start writing their language from the right hand side to the left and there are no capital letters in Arabic.

3.2 Identification of Arabic Letters

To facilitate your easy identification of these letters, we will present the letters in a tabular form that will show their shape while standing alone, their name in Arabic and their transliteration.

Letter	Name	Translite	Letter	Name	Translitera
		- ration			tion
1	Alif	-	ض	Đaad	D
ب	Baa'	В	ط	Taa'	Т
ت	Taa'	Т	ظ	Zaa'	Z
ث	Thaa'	Th	ع	^c ayn	С
<u>ج</u>	Jiim	J	ره.و	Ghayn	Gh
7	Haa'	Н	ف	Faa'	F
خ	Khaa'	Kh	ق	Qaaf	Q
د	Daal	D	ای	Kaaf	K
ذ	Dhaal	Dh	J	Laam	L
)	Raa'	R	م	Miim	M
j	Zaay	Z	ن	Nuun	N
س	Siin	S	٥	Haa'	Н
ش	Shiin	Sh	و	Waaw	W
ص	Saad	S	ي	Yaa'	Y
			۶	Hamzah	,

Observations

- 1. ('alif) has two uses, viz:
 - (a) it serves as a tool to <u>elongate the /a/ vowel</u>; as in بَاب <u>baabun</u> قال <u>qaala</u>
 - سَأَلَ, أَتَى it carries the Hamza, as in سَأَلَ, أَتَى
- 2. Letter 6 (Haa') serves in two ways:
 - (a) as a substantive letter, as in هُرَهُ , ثَرُهُ
 - (b) as a sign of feminine, as in شَجَرُة, here, it must have two dots on top.

3.3 Pronunciation of Arabic Consonants

The following letters have almost the same pronunciation with their English equivalents. The table below shows this:

Arabic letter	English equivalent
ب	B, as in boy
ت	t, as in ten
ث	th, as in think
•	j, as in joy
۲	d, as in day
i	dh, as in that
J	r, as in ram
j	z, as in zeal
س	S, as in so
س ش ف	sh, as in show
ف	f, as in fan
ك	k, as in keep
ن	l, as in lad
م	m, as in Mother:
ن	n, as in nurse
٥	h, as in ha
و	w, as in one
ي	y, as in yes

However, there are some letters in Arabic that have special pronunciations. These letters and how they are produced can be seen in the table below:

Letter	Place and Manner of articulation
ה h =	Pronounced with a strong and sustained explosion of the breath, as in 'house'.
خ kh =	Pronounced with a deep rasping, guttural sound. The Scots 'Loch' is pronounced nearly like it.
<u>s</u> =	Pronounced with the teeth slightly apart, pressing the tip of the tongue against the lower teeth and raising the tongue to press also against the upper teeth and palate, the English 'soft' is near to it.
= d ض	Pronounced with the tongue pressing hard against the edge of the upper teeth with the lip protruding. The tongue and upper teeth part company rather violently to allow a following vowel sound to come through or another consonant to be articulated.
= t ط	Pronounced with tongue and teeth in the same position as for $\dot{\omega}$
z =	Pronourced with tongue and teeth in the same position as for ω
= ۲ ع	Is a guttural stop pronounced with constriction of the larynx.
= gh غ	This is the sound you make while gargling.
= q ق	Is a guttural 'K' pronounced from the back of the throat
¢= '	It is a glottal stop.

3.4 Shapes of Arabic Letters in the Word

Characteristically, Arabic letters assume different forms at different positions in the word. The form of the letter may be different at the middle of the word from what it is at the initial position of the word.

Letter	Initial	Medial	Final
1	افتح as in	قال as in ا	دعا as in
J·	بدر as in بدر	صبر as in ب	ب as in بك
IJ	تمر as in تـ	فتح as in تـ	تحت as in تحت
Ĵ	ثلج as in ثـ	مثل as in ثـ	ئيث as in ثيا
3	جد as in ج	نجل as in ج	بلج as in ج
7	حسر as in حـ	سحر as in حـ	ریح as in ح
خ	خمر as in خمر	بخل as in خـ	مخ as in خ
د	دهر as in دهر	بدر as in بدر	عد as in جد
۲.	ذهن as in ذ	حدر as in خ	نتذ as in
)	رمل as in د	تراب as in حر	دار / خیر as in ر
j	زمن as in ز	حزب as in ز	رمز as in ز

س	سال as in سد	حسر as in سد	مس as in س
m	شمس as in شد	بشر as in شد	کبش as in ش
ص	صبر as in صبر	بصر as in حد	مص as in ص
ض	ضرر as in ضد	حضر as in ہفد	حض as in ض
ط	طبل as in ط	بطل as in ط	ربط as in ط
ظ	ظفر as in ظ	حنظل as in ظ	حظ _{as} in ظ
ع	عذر as in عـ	سعر as in عد	سمع as in ع
ع غ ف	غیر as in غـ	صغر as in خ	بلغ as in غ
ف	فلق as in ف	غفر as in ف	التف as in ف
ق ك	قمر as in قـ	طقس as in ق	فلق as in ق
ن	کلب as in ک	سکب as in ک	دیك as in
ن	لبس as in لـ	그 as in 과	نجل as in ل
م	مر as in مـ	تمر as in مـ	ظلم as in م
ن	نمر as in نـ	نت as in	أمن as in ن
-A	هرة as in هـ	نھر as in ہے	تیه as in له
و	وبل as in و	فوز as in و	دلو as in و
ي	یمن as in یـ	بیت as in ہے	ظبي as in ي
۶	أمر as in أ	ئـ, أ, ؤ	ار فر ئ
		ظئر, دأب, لؤم as in	ملأ, لؤلؤ, شيئ as in

Observations

Note that the following six letters: i, i, and j cannot be joined to the letters following them as you can see from the Table above.

Note also that the letters ت ن are, ط, ط, ض, ص, ش, س, ز, ر, ذ, د, ث, ت and ن are called sun letters and they assimilate the 'l' of the definite article ℓ (al).

The Doubled Consonants (shaddah)

If two identical consonants co-occur unseparated by a vowel, only one is physically written and the sign (") is put on it in lieu of the second consonant. Note that the one physically written is the second letter while the first is the one assimilated and represented with a ("). This sign is called shaddah. For example, the word علم was originally علم and علم and درب was previously درب .

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE 1

Write out Arabic consonants and show how they look like in the medial and final positions of the word.

The Arabic Vowels

Arabic has two types of vowels: short and long vowels

The Short Vowels

There are three short vowels in Arabic, viz: fat-hah (), kesrah () and dummah (). These symbols, called vowels, are written either on top or underneath the Arabic consonant not beside it like the English writing. Fat-hah () is pronounced as /a/sound, Kesrah () as /i/sound and dummah () as /u/sound. Sukun () on the other hand signifies vowellessness. That is, the consonant that carries a sukun has no vowel and should be pronounced as such e.g. : is pronounced /b/, is pronounced /t/ etc. Sukun is also used to indicate a resting on the consonant in question if it occurs at the end of the word.

Arabic Consonants and the Fat-hah Vowel

Consonant	Transliteration	Consonant	Transliteration
Plus Vowel		Plus Vowel	
Í	a'	·ť	Ba
تت	Ta	ٿ	Tha
5 5	Ja	ح	Ha
<u>ي</u> <u>څخ</u> ند	Kha	ۮ	Da
<u> </u>	Dha	``	Ra
Ę:	Za	ق ،	Sa
شش	Sha	صَ	Sa
ضض	Da	4	Ta
踏	Za	ى	^c a
÷	Gha	ف	Fa
قق	Qa	<u> </u>	Ka
77	La	مَ	Ma
تف	Na	Ď	Ha
.99	Wa	ي	Ya

Arabic Consonants and the Kasrah vowel

Consonant Plus Vowel	Transliteration	Consonant Plus Vowel	Transliteration
1	i'	ب	Bi
تِ	Ti	ثِ	Thi
ج	Ji	۲	Hi
خ	Khi	رَ	Di
ذَ	Dhi	Ĵ	Ri
j	Zi	س	Si

<i>ش</i>	Shi	صِ	Si
ض	Di	طِ	Ti
ظِ	Zi	ع	$^{\mathrm{c}}\mathbf{i}$
غ	Ghi	فَ	Fi
ق	Qi	ك ِ	Ki
ل	Li	م	Mi
ن	Ni	ۅ	Hi
و	Wi	ي	Yi

Consonant Plus Vowel	Transliteration	Consonant Plus Vowel	Transliteration
f	u	Ļ	Bu
تُ	Tu	Ċ,	Thu
ځ	Ju	ځ	Hu
څ	Khu	ۮؙ	Du
ۮ	Dhu	Ć	Ru
Ĵ	Zu	سُ	Su
شُ	Shu	صُ	Su
ضُ	Du	ط	Tu
ظ	Zu	عُ	^c u
ڠ	Ghu	فً	Fu
قُ	Qu	ك	Ku
ڻ	Lu	مُ	Mu
ن	Nu	٥	Hu
وُ	Wu	يُ	Yu

Arabic Consonants and the Dummah vowel.

The Long Vowels

Three of the Arabic letters are used as signs of elongation. The letters are الماري, و. Let me inform you that when these three letters of elongation in certain ways follow the three short vowels discussed above, they become long vowels. How will these letters follow the short vowels to change them to long vowels? Before that, know that in this context these letters are called huruf madd i.e. Letters of elongation. When the vowel fat-hah () is followed by , it becomes a long fat-hah, e.g منا والمارية والمارية

Doubled Vowels (Nunation)

Know that all three short vowels of Arabic can be doubled at the end of the word to indicate that the word is indefinite. When this happens, the doubled vowel is not pronounced twice. The first is pronounced normally while the second is pronounced as a nasal sound /n/. Hence, the doubled fat-hah called fat-hataan e.g نو is pronounced 'waladan', not waladaa and ورقة is pronounced 'waraqatan' not waraqataa. Note that the in 'in 'i is not alif madd (alif of elongation). It is rather there to serve as a prop for the doubled fat-hah. And the doubled kasrah called kasrataan e.g 'i is pronounced 'waladin' not waladii and eccentification.

Also, the doubled dummah called dummataan e.g and esperonounced 'waladun' and 'waraqatun' respectively not waladuu and waraqatuu.

Note on Hamza.

David Cowan writes thus: "There are two kinds of hamza: هَمْزَةُ الْقَطْع Hamzat-al-qat° 'the cutting hamza' and هَمْزَةُ الوَصْل hamzat-al-wasl 'the joining hamza'. "Example of hamzat-al-qat° is: سَال 'akala, اَكُلُ mala' and that of hamzat-al-wasl is الْبَيتِ بَاب baabu-l-bayt". Discussion on hamzah will consume a whole unit on its own. Suffice it is to know here that we have two types of hamzah and (2) how to pronounce them.

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE 2

- 1. Write twenty Arabic words and vocalize them
- 2. Discuss the short and long vowels of Arabic and bring enough examples for them
- 3. Discuss nunation, doubled consonants and *hamza*.

4.0 CONCLUSION

It is nice to conclude that a knowledge of Arabic alphabet will assist the learner to have a firm grip on the language and a strong conversational confidence when it is time to perform or part take in any discussion using the medium of the language. Words and expressions of any language will not come from vacuum; it is he who can identify the sounds and letters of the language that will be able to produce its words and expressions.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, we have treated the Arabic consonants and their related issues as well as vowels and their related issues. Consonant issues such as shapes, pronounciation, strengthening, doubling and vowel issues such as shortness, longness, doubling, *hamzah* related issues are all discussed here.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

- 1. Discuss the Arabic consonants and the issues relating to them.
- 2. Write out the Arabic consonants, vocalize them with short vowels, then write another set of consonants and apply the long vowels in them.

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

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UNIT 2 CONVERSATIONS ON GREETING AND INTRODUCTION

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- 1.0 Introduction
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- 3.0 Main Content
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

It has been said that man is a social animal. He has to meet with others while others too have to meet with him if life is to be enjoyable. And without doubt, every interaction that will be successful must start with greeting to be followed by introduction if the persons involved have not had previous contact. Arabic as a language has a lot of these introductory and greeting expressions some of which are brought here.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- identify Arabic words on greetings and introductions
- use them in good sentences
- converse eloquently with them in Arabic.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

Between Amīn and 'Alī

S/N	Speaker	Arabic	Transliteration	Translation
1.	Amīn:	اَلسَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ	As-salaam ^c alaykum	May peace be on you.
2.	'Alī:	وَعَلَيْكُمُ السَّلامُ	wa ^c alaykumus-salaam	May peace be on you
				too.
3.	Amīn:	كَيفَ الْحَالُ؟	kayfal-haal?	How do you do?

4.	'Alī:		bikhayr	I am well
5.	Amīn:		Ana Amīn	I am Amīn
6.	'Alī:		wa ana 'Alī	And I am 'Alī
7.	Amīn:		Ana min kiiniya	I am from Kenya
8.	'Alī	وَأَنَّا مِن عَانًا	wa ana min ghaana	And I am from Ghana
9.	Amīn:		shukran	Thank you
10.	'Alī	عَقْوًا	cafwan	Don't mention it

3.2 Conversation Two

Between Faatimah and Azeezah

	Speaker	Arabic	Transliteration	Translation
1.	Faatimah:	صَبَاحُ الْخَيْر	Şabaahul-khayr	Good morning
2.	Azeezah:	صَبَاحُ النُّور	Şabaahun-nuur	Good morning
3.	Faatimah:	كَيْفَ الْحَالُ؟	Kayfal-haal?	How do you do?
4.	Azeezah:	اَلْحَمْدُ لِلَّه	Alhamdulillaah	Thank God
5.	Faatimah:	مِن أَيْنَ أَنتَ؟	Min ayna anta?	Where are you from?
6.	Azeezah:	أنًا مِنَ النِّيجِر	Ana min an-nayjar	I am from Niger
7.	Faatimah:	وَأَنَا مِنْ نِيجِيرِيَا	Wa ana min	And I am from Nigeria
			nayjiiriyaa	
8.	Azeezah:	شُكْرًا مَعَ السَّلامَةِ	Shukran ma ^c as–	Thank you, good bye
			salaamah.	
9.	Faatimah:	عَقْوًا مَع السَّلامَة	'Afwan ma ^c a `s–	You're welcome, good
			salaamah	bye.

3.3 Conversation Three

Between Jamaal and Kaamil

	Speaker	Arabic	Transliteration	Meaning
1.	Jamaal:	مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ	Masaa'ul-	Good evening.
			khayr	
2.	Kaamil:	مَسناءُ النُّورِ	Masaa'un-nuur	Good evening
3.	Jamaal:	كَيفَ الْحَالُ؟	Kayfal-haal	How do you do?
4.	Kaamil:	اَلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهُ بِخَيْرٍ,	Al-hamdulillaah	I am fine, thank
		مَن أنت؟	bikhayr, man	God. Who are
			anta?	you?
5.	Jamaal:	أ نه ا جمالُ مَ ن	Ana Jamaal, man	I am Jamal, who
		أنت؟	anta?	are you?
6.	Kaamil:	أنًا كَامِل	Ana Kaamil	I am Kamil.
7.	Jamaal:	مِنْ أينَ أنتَ؟	Min ayna anta?	Where are you
				from?

8.	Kaamil:	أنامِن ْغِيدِيا	Ana min	I am from
		و أثت؟	ghiiniyaa wa	Guinea. And
		.—,3	anta?	you?
9.	Jamaal:	أنًا مِنْ زَامْبِيَا	Ana min	I am from
			zambiyaa	Zambia.
10.	Kaamil:	أهْلاً وَسنَهْلاً	Ahlan wasahlan	You are
				welcome.
11.	Jamaal:	شُكْرًا جَزِيلاً	Shukran jaziilan	Thanks so much.
12.	Kaamil:	عَقْوًا	^c afwan	Don't mention it.
13.	Jamaal:	وَدَاعًا	Wadaa ^c an	Good bye
14.	Kaamil:	إلَى اللَّقَاءِ	Ilal-liqaa'	Till we meet.

3.4 Expressions of Greeting

	Arabic	Transliteration	Translation
1.	صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ	Sabaahul-khayr	Good morning
2.	طَابَ يَوْمَكُمْ	Taaba yawmukum	Good day.
3.	أسْعَدَ اللهُ أَوْقَاتُكُمْ	As ^c adallaahu awqaatakum	Good afternoon.
4.	أسْعَدَ اللهُ مَسنَاعَكُمْ	As ^c adallaahu masaa ^c akum	Good evening.
5.	طابت ليلتُكُمْ	Taabat laylatukum	Good night.

Expressions of Bidding Farewell

	Arabic	Transliteration	Translation
1.	فِي أَمَانِ اللهِ / وَدَاعًا / مَع	Fii	Cheers
	السلَّلامة	amaanillaah/wadaa ^c an/	
		ma ^c as- salaamah.	
2.	حَظًا سَعِيدًا	Hazzan sa ^c iidan	Good luck
3.	وَدَاعًا	Wadaa ^c an	Goodbye.
4.	أرَاكَ تَانِيَةً	Araaka thaaniyatan	See you
	,,		again.

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE

- 1. With correct transliteration, write out ten Arabic words that centre on greeting.
- 2. Compose a good Arabic conversation between two people who are meeting for the first time.

4.0 CONCLUSION

It is part of the cultures of all peoples that one must greet. This is a prelude to any interaction whatsoever. This implies that all languages of the world must have formulae or patterns of greeting.

Hence, Arabic language, being a language in regular use has its own formulas, which are followed by its speakers.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, we have brought in conversations some of the Arabic formulae for greeting and introduction.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

Jaamiu and ^cUmar are now your friends. Could you recollect how your meeting with each of them for the first time looked like? Let us see in Arabic the conversations that took place.

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

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UNIT 3 CONVERSATIONS ON FAMILY MEMBERSHIP

CONTENTS

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Arabic Language, like all other living and advanced languages, has the potentials needed to be able to treat issues about all aspects of life. In this unit, however, we will try to discuss family membership and terms used in it. As a would-be speaker of Arabic familiarize yourself with these terms in order to facilitate your use of them when it comes to your turn to talk.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- identify words that point to family members
- discuss family membership and related issues
- converse fluently on family related discussions.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 The Conversations

3.2 Conversation One

Between 'umar and Abdullaah:

	Speaker	Arabic	Transliteration	Translation
1.	°Umar:	اَلسِنَّلامُ عَلَيْكَ يَا	As-salaam ^c alayka,	May peace be
		عَبْدَاللَّهُ	Yaa ^c Abdallaah	on you, Abdullaah
2.	Abdullaah:	وَعَلَيْكَ السَّلام وَرَحْمَـةُ الله وَبَرَكَاتُه	Wa ^c alaykas-salaam Wa rahmatullaahi Wa barakaatuhu.	May peace, mercy of God and His blessings be
3.	Umar:	كَيْفَ أَنْتَ؟	Kayfa anta?	on you too. How are you?
4.	Abudllaah:	بخَيْر, ,وَأَنْتَ؟	Bikhayr, wa anta?	Fine, and you?
5.	°Umar:	أنًا بِخَيْرِ كَدُلِكَ, وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ	Ana bikhayr kadhaalika, Walhamdulillaah	I am fine too,
6.	Abdullaah:	مِنْ أَيْنَ جِئْتَ؟		From where are you coming?
7.	°Umar:	جِئْتُ مِنَ الْبَيْت لِنَّدْهَبْ مَعًا اِلَى المُدْرَسَة	Ji'tu minal-bayti Linadh-haba ma°an ilal-madrasah.	I have come from home so that we can go to school together.
8.	Abdullaah:	أنًا مَسْرُورٌ بِدُلِكَ	Ana masruurun bi dhaalika.	I am happy with that.
9.	°Umar:	دَعْنِي أُسَلَّمُ عَلَى وَالِدَيْكَ	waalidayka	Let me greet your parents
10.	Abdullaah:	وَالِدِى مَشْغُولِ بِقِرَاءَةِ الْجَرَائِدِ الْيَوْمِيَّة وَكَيْفَ أُمُّكَ؟		My father is busy reading the daily newspapers
11.	°Umar:			How about your mother?
12.	Abdullaah:	أمِّى فِي المُّطْبَخ	Ummii fil-matbakhi tujahhizu futuural	My mother is in the kitchen

		\$ # 9 <u>" - 8</u>	, c 1	•
		تُجَهِّزُ فطور	usrati wa ma ^c ahaa	preparing
		الْأُسْرَة وَمَعَهَا أُخْتِى الصَّغِيرَة	ukhtii as-saghiirah	food for the
		7 · 2 · 1 · 10 · 1		family and
		احبى الصغيره		my junior
				sister is with
				her.
13.	°Umar:	إِدُنْ لاَ دَاعِىَ إِلَى التَّحِيَّة, مَتَى نَدْهَب إلى الْمَدْرَسَة؟	Idhan laa daa ^c iya	There is no
		التَّحِيَّة مِثَ نَدُهُب	ilat-tahiyyah, Mataa	need for
		از آدی دی ت	nadh-habu ilal-	greeting,
		إلى المدرسة؛	madrasah?	then. When
				are we going
				to school?
14.	Abdullaah:	اِصْبُرْ قَلِيلاً حَتَّى أَتَنَاوَلُ الْفُطُورَ مَع أَبِّى وَأُمِّى وَأَخْتِى	Isbir qaliilan hattaa	Be patient a
		أَتَدُ أَوْلُ الْقُطْمِينَ مِنْ	atanaawalal-	little till I take
		التاون العصور مع	futuura ma ^c a abii	my breakfast
		ابی وامی واختِی	wa ummii wa ukhtii	with my
				father, mother
				and my sister
15.	°Umar:	هَلْ مِنَ الْعَادَة أَن	Hal minal ^c aadati an	Is it your habit
		تَأْكُلُوا مَعًا جَمِيعًا	ta'kuluu ma ^c an	to eat all of
			jamii ^c an	you together?
16.	Abdullaah:	نَعَمْ, تَأْكُلُ أَعْضَاء	Na ^c am, ta'kulu	Yes, members
			a ^c daa'u usratinas-	of our nuclear
		أسْرُ تِثَا الصَّغِيرَة مَعًا جَمِيعًا	saghiirah ma ^c an	family eat
		1	jamii ^c an	together.
17.	^c Umar:	إدْنْ, أُسْرَتُكُمْ أُسْرَة	Idhan, usratukun	Hence, your
		أطْنَالُهُ	usratun tayyibah	family is a
		***		good one.

NOTE: السَّلَامُ عَلَيْك as- salaam alayka is the Islamic way of greeting while the Arabic secular way of greeting one another is either صَبَاح sabaahul-khayr i.e. good morning or الْحَيْر masaa'ul-khayr i.e. good evening.

3.3 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Transliteration	Meaning
1.	الستَّلامُ	As-salaam	Peace.
2.	رَحْمَةُ اللهِ	Rahmatullaah	Mercy of God
3.	البَرَكَة	Al-barakah	Blessing
4.	كَيفَ	Kayfa	How
5.	أثت	Anta	You
	2 nd person)		

	masculine		
6.	(singular) اُنتِ	Anti	You
	2 nd person)		
	(feminine singular		
7.	خَیْرٌ	Khayr	Good/well
8.	جَاءَ	Jaa'a	To come/arrive
9.	چئث	Ji'tu	I came/I have come
10.	دُهَبَ	Dhahaba	To go
11.	المكارسة	Al-madrasah	School
12.	مَسْرُورٌ	Masruurun	Нарру
13.	سَلَّمَ عَلَى	Sallama ^c alaa	To greet
14.	وَالِدَيكَ	Waalidayka	Your two parents
15.	مَشْعُولٌ	Mashghuulun	Busy
16.	ٱلْجَرَائِد	Al-jaraa'id	Newspapers
17.	المطبخ	Al-matbakh	Kitchen
18.	جَهِّزَ	Jahhaza	To prepare
19.	فُطُورٌ	Futuur	Breakfast
20.	التَّحِيَّةُ	At-tahiyyah	Greeting
21.	صَبَرَ	Sabara	To be patient
22.	تَنَاوَلَ الطَّعَامَ	Tanaawalat-Ta ^c aama	To eat/Take food
23.	الْعَادَة	Al- ^c aadah	Habit /tradition
24.	أكَلَ	Akala	To eat
25.	أعْضاءُ الْأُسْرَة	A ^c daa' ul-'usrah	Members of the family
26.	طیّب	Tayyib	Good.
27.	أَبِي أُمِّى أُخْتِي	Abii	My Father:
28.	أُمِّى	Ummii	My Mother:
29.	أخْتِي	Ukhtii	My sister.

3.4 Conversation Two

Between Khaliil and Abdullaah

	Speaker	Arabic	Transliteration	Translation
1.	Khaliil:	هَٰذِ ه ِ ص ُورَة	Haadhihii	This is the
		الْأُسْرَة يَاعَبْدَالله	suuratul	picture of the family,
			usrati, yaa Abdallaah	Abdullaah:.
2.	Abdullaah:	هِيَ صد وُرِة	Hiya suuratun	
-	110 dulladii.	مني عد وره	jamiilatun	picture.
	771 1''1	جمييه	3	
3.	Khaliil:	شُكُورًا	Shukran	Thank you.
4.	Abdullaah:	مَنْ هَدُا؟	Man haadhaa	Who is this?
5.	Khaliil:	هَٰذَا أَبِي	Haadhaa abii	This is my
		_		father
6.	Abdullaah:	وَمَنْ هَذِهِ؟	Wa man	And who is
	TZ1 1**1	31 4 1	haadhihii?	this?
7.	Khaliil:	هَذِهِ أُمِّي	Haadhihii	This is my mother
8.	Abdullaah:	مَنْ هَدُا الرَّجُلُ؟	ummii Man haadhar-	Who is this
0.	Abdullaali.	من هدا الرجن:	rajulu?	man?
9.	Khaliil:	هُوَ جَدِّي	Huwa jaddii	He is my
			J	grandfather
10.	Abdullaah:	وَمَنْ هَذِهِ الْمَرْأَةُ؟	Wa man	And who is this
			haadhihil-	woman?
1.1	771 1111		mar'ah	C1 :
11.	Khaliil:	هِيَ جَدَّتِي	Hiya jaddatii	She is my grandmother
12.	Abdullaah:	هَلْ هَذَا الْوَلَد	Hal haadhal-	Is this boy your
12.	7 Todulidali.	_	waladu	brother?
		أخُوكَ؟	akhuuka?	010 011011
13.	Khaliil:	نَعَمْ هُوَ أَخِي	Na ^c am huwa	Yes, he is my
		·	'akhii	brother
14.	Abdullaah:	وَهَذِهِ الْبِدْتُ, هَل	Wa haadhihil-	And this girl, is
		هِيَ أَخْتُكَ؟	bintu hal hiya	she your sister?
1.5	IZ1 1211		ukhtuka?	Claria de distrib
15.	Khaliil:	هِيَ أَخْتِي	Hiya 'ukhtii	She is my sister
16.	Abdullaah:	مَاشَاءَ اللهُ هَذِه	Maa shaa' al –	God! This is a
		أسْرَةً كَبِيرَة	laahu haadhihii	big family.
			'usratun kabiiratun.	
	l		Kaulilatull.	

3.5 Words and Their Meanings

	Arabic	Transliteration	Meanings
1.	(a demonstrative	Haadhihii	This.
	pronoun for feminine singular)		
2.	ا هُذَا (a demonstrative	Haadhaa	This
	pronoun for masculine singular).		
3.	صُورَةٌ	Suuratun	Picture, photograph.
4.	اَلاًسْرَةُ	Al-usrah	Family
5.	جَمِيلَة	Jamiilah	Beautiful
6.	أب ً	Abun	A father
7.	أُمُّ	Ummun	A mother
8.	رَجُلُّ جَدُّ	Rajulun	A man
9.	جَدُّ	Jaddun	A grandfather
10.	اِمْرَأَةٌ	Imra'atun	A woman
11.	جَدَّة	Jaddatun	A grandmother
12.	وَلَد	Waladun	A boy
13.	ٲڿٞ	Akhun	A brother
14.	هَلْ	Hal	Is?
	(a particule for interrogation)		
15	g } g rd person	Huwa	He.
	masculine		
16.	singular pronoun}	Hiya	She
10.	, ,	IIIyu	Sile
17.	singular pronoun {	Ukhtun	A sister
17.		Maa Shaa'al-	What God had
	مَاشَنَاءَاللهُ	laah	wished
18.	کبیر ٌ	Kabiirun	Big, large.

3.6 Conversation Three

Between Jaami^c and Nabiil

	Speaker	Arabic	Transliteration	Translation
1	Jaami ^c :	مَسدَاءُ الْخَيْرِ, يَا تَبِيل	Masaa'ul-khayr, yaa Nabiil	Good evening, Nabiil.
2.	Nabiil:	مَسدَاءُ الْخَيْرِ, يَا جَامِ ع ُ, وَأَهْلا وَسَهُلا	Masaa'ul-khayr, yaa Jaami ^c wa 'ahlan wa sahlan.	Good evening, Jaamiu and welcome.
3.	Jaami ^c :	زُرْدُكَ لِلَّخْبِرَ كَ أَدِّ مَى لاَ أَحْضُر فَمِى الْمَدْرَ سدَة غَدًا	Zurtuka li'ukhbiraka annii laa 'uhdiru fil madrasati ghadan	I have visited you to tell you that I will not be in school tomorrow
4.	Nabiil:	لِمَادُا؟	Limaadhaa?	Why?
5.	Jaami ^c :	لِأَنَّ أَبِي يُرِيدُ أَنَ يَأْخُدُنى مَعَهُ فِي سَفَر	Li'anna abii yuriidu an ya'khudhanii ma ^c ahuu ^c alaa safarin.	Because my father intends to take me with him on a journey
6.	Nabiil:	أَتَّمَ نَّى لَكُ مَا عَوْدًا سَعِيدًا	Atamanna lakumaa ^c awdan ahmad	I wish you journey mercies.
7.	Jaami ^c :	دَعْ نَـِى أُ سَدَكُمْ عَلَى وَالِدِك	Da ^c nii 'usallim ^c alaa waalidika	Let me greet your father
8.	Nabiil:	هُوَ فِي اجْتِمَاعِ مَعَ أُمِّي وَزَوْجِةَ اَ بِي وَعَ مَ ي وَعَمَّتِي وَأَ خِي الْأَكْبَر	Huwa fijtimaa ^c in ma ^c a ummii wa zawjati abii wa 'ammii wa ^c ammatii wa akhii al-akbar	He is in a meeting with my mother, my step mother, my uncle, my aunt and my eldest brother
9.	Jaami ^c :	مَ ن شَاتًا ن الإم رَأتَان النَّائِمَتَانِ فَوْق السَّرير؟	Man haataanil Mar'ataanin- naaimataani fawqas-sariir?	Who are these two women sleeping in bed?
10.	Nabiil:	هُماً الْبِئَةُ أَخِي وَابْنَةُ عَمِّي	Humaa ibnatu akhii wabnatu ^c ammii.	They are my niece and my cousin

11.	Jaami ^c :	وَمَنِ الإِمْرَأْتَان	Wa manil-	And who are the
		القادِمتاً ن مِن	Mar'ataanil-	two women
		السُّوق؟	qaadimataani	coming from the
12.	Nabiil:		minas-suuq?	market?
12.	Naum.	هُمَا زَوْجَهُ أَخِي	Humaa zawjatu akhii wa zawjatu	They are my sister in-law and
		وَزُوْجَةُ عَمِّى	'ammii	my aunt.
13.	Jaami ^c :	وَمَنِ الْوَلْدَانِ	Wa manil-	Who are the two
		1	waladaanil-	boys sitting
		الْجَالِسدَ أَنْ فَيِي	jaalisaani fil-	outside?
		الْخَارج؟	khaarij	
14	Nabiil:	هُما إبْنُ أَخِي	Humabnu akhii	They are my
		وَابْنُ عَمِّى	wabnu ^c ammii	nephew and my
	7	_		cousin.
15.	Jaami ^c :	ألكَ أخْ شَعَيقٌ؟	A laka akhun	Do you have a
16	Nabiil:	72612 1 0 - 4	shaqiiq?	full brother?
16.	Nabili:	نَعَ مِ ﴿ لِي ثَلاثَة	Na ^c am, lii thalaathatu	Yes, I have three full
		أشيقاء	ashiqqaa'a	brothers
17.	Jaami ^c :	وَهَلْ لَـ كَ أَحْ	Wahal laka akhun	And do you
17.	Judiii .		lil-abi?	have a half
		لِلْأَبِّشِ؟		brother?
18.	Nabiil:	نَعَمع لِي ثلاثة	Na ^c am, lii	Yes, I have
		أُخُونَةُ لِلنَّا ب	thalaathatu	three half
		يَدُلكِ	ikhwatin lil-abi	brothers too.
		_	kadhaalika	
19.	Jaami ^c :	مَن هَذَا الشَّيْخ	Man haadhash-	Who is this old
		العَجُوزُ؟	shaykhul- ^c ajuuz?	man?
20.	Nabiil:	هُو َ جَدِّي.	Huwa jaddii, wa	He is my
		وَجَدَّ تَى فَي	jaddatii fii ghur-	grandfather and
		و ت - بی - بی ا	fatihaa.	my grandmother
_		عرقيها		is in her room.
21.	Jaami ^c :	وَا لله ر عَائِلَة	Wallaah, caa'ilatu	By God, your
		أبيك كبيرة جدًا	abiika kabiiratun	father's family
		_ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	jiddan.	is very large

3.7 Words, Transliteration and Their Meanings

	Arabic	Transliteration	Meaning
1.	مَسنَاعٌ	Masaa'	Evening
2.	أهْلاً وَسنَهْلاً	'ahlan wa sahlan	Welcome
3.	زار	Zaara	To visit
4.	أخْبَرَ	'akhbara	To inform/tell
5.	حَضَرَ	Hadara	To attend, to be present
6.	غدا	Ghadan	Tomorrow
7.	ٱلْيَوْمُ	Al-yawm	Today
8.	أمْسُ	ʻams	Yesterday.
9.	يُريدُ	Yuriidu	He wishes, he intends
10.	يَأْخُذُ	Ya'khudhu	He takes
11.	سَفُرٌ	Safarun	A journey
12.	تَمَنَّى	Tamannaa	To wish for
13.	عَوْدُ أَحْمَدُ	^c awdun ahmad	A pleasurable returning
14.	دَعْنِي	Da ^c nii	Let me.
15.	اِجْتِمَاعٌ	Ijtimaa ^c un	A meeting.
16.	زَوْجٌ	Zawjun	Husband
17.	زَوْجَة	Zawjatun	Wife.
18.	عَمُّ	^c Ammun	An uncle
19.	عَمَّة	^c Ammatun	An aunt
20.	أخٌ كَبِيرٌ	Akhun kabiirun	A senior brother
21.	أخٌ صَغِيرٌ	Akhun saghiirun	A junior brother
22.	هَاتَانِ	Haataan	These two
23.	نًامَ	Naama	To sleep
24.	ٱلسُّريرُ	As-sariir	Bed
25.	اِبْنُ اِبْنَة	Ibnun	A son
26.		Ibnatun	A daughter
27.	قادِمً	Qaadimun	Coming
28.	السُّوقُ	As-suuq	Market
29.	جَلَس	Jalasa	To sit down
30.	أخُ شَنقِيقٌ	Akhun shaqiiqun	A full brother
31.	أُخْتُ شَوَيقة	Ukhtun shaqiiqatun	A full sister
32.	عَجُوزٌ	^c Ajuuzun	Old person
33.	عَائِلَةُ	^c aa'ilatun	Family.

4.0 CONCLUSION

You would agree with me that it will be very difficult to speak a language whose words-at least the routine ones-have not been mastered. This unit, therefore, has strived to put before you words in Arabic which you can easily memorize and put into immediate use.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, we have centered discussions on family. Terms used for members of the family ranging from the nuclear to the most extended have been put forward for your consumption. We have also deliberately treated in the conversations here other matters so that you can benefit from those ones too.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

Write out terms relating to the family in the three conversations and use them to compose a good conversation between two persons.

7.0 REFERENCE/FURTHER READINGS

الدوش السيد عوض الكريم وغيره كتاب القراءة جا

Amuni Abdul Qudus O.*A Practical Guide to Arabic conversation*, Bk 1 Developer's Memory.

UNIT 4 CONVERSATION ON POSTAL SERVICES

CONTENTS

- 1.0 Introduction
- 2.0 Objectives
- 3.0 Main Content
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Postal service is one of the services that are invaluable for the needs of man and Arabic language has words that are technically useful for it. In this unit you are going to come across some of these words.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- single out Arabic words that are used in the postal service
- comprehend their meanings in sentences
- use them in sentences of your own.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

To and at the Post Office

		Arabic	Translation
1.	^c Uthman:	كَيْ فَ يُمْكِذُ نَرِي الدُّهَا بُ إِلَى	How can I get to the
		مَكْتَبِ الْبَرِيدِ مِنْ هُنَا؟	post office from here?
2.	Shaakir:	يُمْكِئُكَ أَنْ تَدْهَبَ إِلَيْهِ بِسَيَّارَةٍ	You can get there by
			car.
3.	^c Uthman	المُيْسَ يُمْكِنُ أَنْ أَدُّهَبَ مَاشِيًا؟	Can't I go on foot?

4.	Shaakir:	إِذَّ هُ بَعِيدٌ جِدًّا لِأَ ن ْ تَدْهَ ب	It is too far to go on foot.
		ماشيا	1001.
5.	^c Uthman:	إِذُنْ أَدْهَبُ بِسنيَّارَةٍ قِفْ هُنَاكَ سنوْف تَجِدُ تَكْسبِي	Then, I will go by car.
6.	Shaakir:		Wait there, you will soon see a taxi.
7.	^c Uthman:	صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ يَاحَارِسَ مَكْتَبِ الْبَرِيدِ	Good morning, post-office guard.
8.	Guard:	الْبَرِيدِ صَبَاحُ النُّورِ, مَاذا تُريدُ؟	Good morning, what do you want?
9.	^c Uthman:	أريدُ أَنْ أَرْسِلَ طَرْدًا	I want to send a parcel.
10.	Guard:	إلى أيْنَ؟	To where?
11.	°Uthman:	إلى قطرى	To my country.
12.	Guard:	طَيِّبٌ, أَنْظُرْ المُوطَّفُ هُنَاكَ	Good, see the officer there.
13.	^c Uthman:	مِنْ فَضْلِكَ, أريدُ إر}سنالَ هَدُا الطَّرْدَ إلَى عَانَه	Please, I want to send this parcel to Ghana.
14.	Officer	مَادُا فِي الطَّرْدِ؟	What is in the parcel?
15.	^c Uthman:	فيه مجلة وكتاب	In it are a journal and a book.
16.	Officer:	ضَعْهُ عَلَى الْمِيزَانِ	Put it on the scale.
17.	^c Uthman:	قَدْ وَضَعْتُهُ عَلَيْهِ	I have put it on it
18.	Officer:	وَزْ نُ الطَّرْدِ خَمْسَدَ لَهُ كِيلُو جَرَامَات	The parcel measures 5 kilogram.
19.	^c Uthman:	جِرَامَات كَمْ رَسْمُ الإِرْسَالِ؟	How much is the postage?
20.	Officer:	مِائتَانِ نَيْرَة	Two hundred naira
21.	^c Uthman:	تَقْضَيُّلْ وَأَعْطِنِي طَابَعًا	Take and give me stamp
22.	Officer:	تَقْضَلْ	Take.
23.	^c Uthman:	شْكُرًا مَعَ السَّلامَة	Thanks, good bye.

3.2 Word and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	يُمْكُِنُ	Possible	9.	مُوطَف	Officer
2.	مَكْتَبٌ	Office	10	الطَّرْدُ	Parcel
3.	البَريدُ	Post, mail	11	مَجَلَّة	Journal
4.	سَيَّارَةُ	Motor car	12	مِنْ فضلِك	Please
5.	مَثْنَى	To treck on foot	13	وَضَعَ	To put, place.

6.	أرْسكل	To send	14	الميزان	Scale
7.	قطر	A Country	15	رَسْمٌ	Fee
8.	نَظر	To look	16	طَابَعٌ	Stamp

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE 1

Take any ten Arabic words from the table above and use each of them in good Arabic sentences

3.3 Conversation Two

At the Telegraph Office

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation	
1.	Saalim:	السلَّلامُ عَلَيْكُمْ	May peace be on you.	
2.	Officer:	وَعَلَيْكُمُ السَّلام	May peace be on you too.	
3.	Saalim:	مِن ° فَصْلَاِك آريدُ أَن ° أَرْ سرِل بَرْقِيَّة	Please, I want to send a telegram.	
4.	Officer:	أتُريدُ إرْسَالَهَا دَاخِلَ نِيجِيريَا؟	Do you want to send it within Nigeria?	
5.	Saalim:	أريدُ إرْسنَالَهَا خَارِجَ نِيجِيرِيَا	I want to send it out of Nigeria	
6.	Officer:	إلَى أَيْنَ؟	To where?	
7.	Saalim	إلَى لَنْدَن	To London	
8.	Officer:	أَكْتُبِ الْبَيَانَاتِ كَامِلَةً فِي هَذِه	Write the full message on this	
		الإسنتِمَارَة	form.	
9.	Saalim	تَفْضَلُ, كَتَبْتُ الْبَيَاثَات	Here you are, I have written the message	
10.	Officer:	حَسد نَا عَدِّدِ الْكَلِمَاتِ عِشْرُون	Good, the number of words is	
		كَلِمَة	twenty words	
11.	Saalim:	كَم الرَّسْم الْمَطْلُوب؟	How much is the required fee?	
12.	Saalim:	أرْبَعَهُ جُنَيْهَات	Four pound	
13.	Saalim:	تَفْضِّلْ مَعَ الشَّكْرِ	Here you are, thank you	
14.	Officer:	عَقْوًا خُذِ الإِيصال	Don't mention it. Take the receipt.	

3.4 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	مِنْ فضلك	Please	7.	الإستتمارة	Form
2.	ؠؘۯڨؚؾؙؙؙۘٞۘ	Telegram	8.	تَفۡضَّلْ	Here you are
3.	دَاخِل	Inside the country	9.	كَتَبْت	I wrote.
	البلاد				
4.	خَار ج الْبِلاد	Outside the country	10.	جئية	Pound
5.	الْبِيَانَاتُ	Statement;	11.	عَفْوًا	You're
		information			welcome, don't
					mention it!
6.	كَامِل	Complete, full	12.	إيصالٌ	Receipt

3.5 Conversation Three

Between Khaalid and ^c Aaamir

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Khaalid:	قدَّمَ إلَىَّ أَمْسِ سَاعِي الْبَريدِ رساللَّهُ وَجَدَهَا في صائدُوقِتَا مِن عَبْدِالله	Yesterday the post man gave me a letter he had found in our post office box from Abdullaah.
2.	°aamir:	عَجَي ب , مُنْدُ زَمَ ن بَعِيد, وَمَادًا قَالَ عَ ن حَالِهِ؟	Wonderful! since long time ago, and what did he say about his condition?
3.	Khaalid:	كَتَبَ أَنَّهُ بِخَيْرِ	He wrote that he is fine.
4.	caamir	بأى شنئ أخبرك؟	What did he tell you?
5.	Khaalid:	أَخْبَرَ نِي فِيهَا بِأَذَّهُ قَدَّ تَحَرَّ جَ مِنَ الْجَامِعَةُ وَيَسِدُ تُعِدُّ الآنَ لِخِدْمَةُ الْوَطْن	He told me in it that he had graduated from the university and he is now getting ready for youth service.
6.	^c aamir:	حُسْدَتًا, وَهَلْ سَنَالَ عَن حَالِثَا؟	Good, did he ask about our condition?
7.	Khaalid:	أَسْتُخْبَرَنِي عَنْ حَالِنَا وَعَنْ أَخْبَار بِلَدَتِنَا	He requested from me information about us and about our town
8.	^c aamir:	هَلْ كَتَبْتَ الرَّدِّ؟	Have you written the reply?

9.	Khaalid:	نَعَمْ, قَدْ كَتَبْتُهُ وَأَدْخَلْتُهُ فِي غِلافٍ وَقَدْ خَتَمْت الْغِلاف	Yes, I have written it, put it in an envelope and sealed the envelope.
10	°aamir:	مَادُا قُلْتَ فِي الرَّدِّ	What did you say in the reply?
11.	Khaalid:	هَنَئْدُ هُ عَلَى نَجَادِ هُ وَدَعَوْ تُ اللهَ لَهُ هُ بِالتَّوْفِيقِ تُمَّ أَخْبَرْدُهُ عَ نَ مُ حَالِدَ اللهَ الْمَلْدَة	I congratulated him on his success and prayed Allah for more success. Then I informed him about us and our town.
12.	^c Aumic:	وَهَلْ أَرْسَلْتَهُ إِلَيْهِ؟	Have you sent it to him?
13.	Khaalid:	¥	No
14.	^c Aamir:	لِمَادُا؟	Why?
15.	Khaadid:	أَخْبَرَنِي مُوَظَّفُ الْبَريدِ بأنَّ الطَّوَابِعَ قَدْ نَقْدَت وَلَام ْ تَحْضُر ْ طَوَادِ ع أَخْرَى بَعْد	The post officer told me that there are no more stamps and more stamps are yet to be brought
16.	^c Aamir:	متتى وعد بإحضارها	When did he promise they will be brought?
17.	Khaalid:	قالَ بِأَدُّ هِ اَ سَدَوْفُ تَحْضُرُ غَدًا	He said they will be brought tomorrow.
18.	^c Aamir:	يُمْكِثُكَ إِذْنُ أَنْ تُرْسِلُهُ عَدًا	Then you can send it tomorrow.
19.	Khaalid:	نَعَمْ, يُمْكِنُ, وَسَلَقْعَلَ دُلِكَ	Yes, it is possible; and I will do that.
20.	^c Aamir:	أودُّ أنْ أصراحِبكَ إلَى مكتب الْبريدِ عَدًا	I'll like to accompany you to the Post office tomorrow
21.	Khaalid:	يَسُرُّنِي دُلِكَ	That will make me happy

3.6 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	قدَّمَ	To forward,	15.	اسْتَخْبَرَ	To seek
	,	present,			information
2.	أمْس	Yesterday	16.	بَلْدَةٌ	A town
3.	سد اعِي	Postman,	17.	خَبَرٌ	News,
	الْبَريد	mailman			information
4.	وَجَدَ	To find	18.	رَدُّ	Reply
5.	ص نُدُوق	Post office	19.	أَدْخَلَ	To put inside
	الْبَريد	box		_	
6.	عَجِيبٌ	Wonderful.	20.	غِلافٌ	An envelope
7.	عَافِيَة	Health	21.	خَتَمَ	To seal
8.	أخْبَرَ	To inform, tell	22.	هُنَا	То
					congratulate
9.	تَخَرَّجَ	To graduate	23.	نَجَا ح ,ّ تَوْفِيقٌ	Success
10.	الجامعة	University	24.	أحْضَرَ	To bring
11.	يَسْتَعِدُّ	He prepares	25.	نَقَد	To finish, be
					exhausted
12.	خِدْمَة	Service	26.	وَعَدَ	To promise
13.	الموطن	The country	27.	يُصَاِحبُهُ	Не
					accompanies
					him.
14.	سَأَلَ	To ask			

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE 2

Identify the Arabic terms used in postal services and use them in a dialogue between two persons.

4.0 CONCLUSION

Arabic language has different sets of words that are useful for all facets of life. That there are many words in the language that are technically useful in the postal service is a testimony to this assertion.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, we have brought for you those words that are used as technical Arabic terms for postal matters. These include letter posting, telegraming and telegraphing.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

Write out all Arabic words used in postal service. Let us see the conversation that ensued between postal staff and you when in need of postal service.

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

Cowan, Milton J.(n.d.). A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic, India: Modern Language Services.

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UNIT 5 CONVERSATIONS ON MEDICAL SERVICES

CONTENTS

- 1.0 Introduction
- 2.0 Objectives
- 3.0 Main Content
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Arabic has words in abundance for almost everything you want to express. In this unit, we have brought those Arabic expressions that are relevant in the medical services

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- identify Arabic words that refer to medical matters
- comprehend these words in Arabic sentences
- use them in sentences of your own.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

Between the Doctor and a Patient

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Hasan:		Good morning
2.	Doctor:	عَلَى هَذَا الْكُرْسِي	Good morning, come and sit on this chair.
3.	Hasan:	أنًا مريضٌ اليوهمُ	I am ill today
4.	Doctor:	شَفَاكَ اللهُ, مِمَ تَشْكُو؟	May God heal you, of what are you complaining?

5.	Hasan:	أَشْكُو مِنْ حُمَّى شَدِيدَة	I am complaining of a severe fever
6.	Doctor:	متتى شعرت بهذه المحمى؟	When did you feel this fever?
7.	Hasan:	شَعُرْتُ بِهَا أَمْس	I felt it yesterday
8.	Doctor:	أَشْعُرْتَ مَعَ الْحُمَى بِصَدَاعِ	Do you feel headache with the fever?
9.	Hasan:	نَعَمْ, أَشْعُرُ بِصدَدَاعِ شَدِيدٍ مَا شَعُرْتُ بِهِ قَبْلَ الْيَوْم	Yes, I am feeling a severe headache I have not felt before.
10.	Doctor:	اِدْهَبْ وَرَاءَ السِّتَارَة وَارْقُدُ عَلَى سَرِيرِ الْفَحْصِ	Go behind the curtain and lie down on the test bed.
11.	Hasan:	هَلْ انْتَهَيْتَ مِنَ الْقَحْصَ	Have you finished the test?
12.	Doctor:	نَعَمْ, خُدُّ هَذِه الْوَرَقَة وَادَّهَبَ اللَّى مُعْمَلِ الْفَدْ صِ لِتَحْلِيلَ الدَّ م, ثُ م تَعَالَ إلَى بَعْد الدَّ م, ثُ م تَعَالَ إلَى بَعْد الْفَدْصِ وَمَعَكَ النَّتِيجَة	Yes, take this card, go to test laboratory for the analysis of the blood, then come back to me after the test with the result.
13.	Hasan:	شُكُرًا سَلَمُصْرُ وَمَعِى نَتِيجَةُ اللهُ الْفَحْصِ إِنْ شَاءَ الله	Thanks, I will soon come with the result of the test God willing.
14.	Doctor	إلَى اللَّقَاءِ	Bye, till we meet.
15.	Hasan:	شُكْرًا	Thank you.

3.2 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	ٱلْكُرْسِي	Chair	11.	السنَّتَارَة	Curtain
2.	مَريضٌ	Ill	12.	رَقَدَ	To sleep
3.	شُفْعِي	To heal, cure	13.	ٱلْفُحْصُ	(Medical) test
4.	شکا	To complain	14.	اِنْتَهَي	To end.
5.	حُمًى	Fever	15.	مَعْمَلٌ	Laboratory.
6.	شَعُرَ	To feel	16.	دَمُّ	Blood.
7.	صُدَاعٌ	Headache	17.	تَحْلِيلٌ	Analysis.
8.	شَدِيدٌ	Severe, tough	18.	تعَالَ	Come.
9.	قبْلَ	Before	19.	النَّتِيجَة	Result.
10.	ورَاءَ	Behind	20.	لِقَاعٌ	Meeting.

3.3 Conversation Two

At the Test Laboratory with the Testing Doctor (TD)

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Hasan:	السَّلامُ عَلَيْكُمْ	May peace be on you.
2.	TD:	وَعَلَيْكُمُ السَّلاَمُ	May peace be on you too
3.	Hasan:	هَذِ هِ أَلْوَرَقَهُ مِنَ الطَّبِيب	This card is from the doctor to
		لِتَحْلِيلِ الدّم	you for blood analysis
4.	TD:	هدِ هَ الورد لَهِ مَ التَّعْبِي بَ التَّعْبِي بَ التَّعْبِي لِلَّهُ مَا الدَّم حَسد تَّا, تَقْضَّلْ عَلَى هَدُا الْكُرْ سِي و سِيَاجُدُ عَيْنَةً مِن	Good, come and sit on this chair I
			will take a specimen of your blood for the test.
		َدِّمكَ لِلْقَحْص	blood for the test.
5.	Hasan:	مَتَى أحْضُرُ لِلنَّتِيجَة؟	When shall I come back for the result?
6.	TD	بَعْدَ قَلِيلِ إِنْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ	After a short while, God willing
7.	Hasan:	حَضَرْتُ لِلنَّتِيجَةِ	I have come for the result
8.	TD:	نَعَم, النَّتِيجَةُ جَاهِزَةٌ, تَفْضَّلَ	Yes, the result is ready, here you are.
9.	Hasan:	م ا نَتِيجَهُ الْفَدْ ص ِ مِ ن	Please, what is the result of the
		فضلك	test?
10	TD:	حُمًى مَلارِيَا	Malaria fever.
11.	Hasan:	إِذْنَ أَ ذَا مَرِي ضَ "بِحُمى	Hence, I am down with malaria
		المكاريا	fever
12.	TD:	نَعَمْ, وَهَدُا الْمَرَضُ كَثِيرٌ فِي	Yes, this illness is rampant these
		هَٰذُ و الأيَّام, قابل الطُّبي ب	days. Meet the doctor for
		لِأَخْذِ وَصِفْةِ الْدَّوَاء	prescription of medicines
13.	Hasan:	شُكُرًا	Thank you.

a. Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/	Arabic	Meaning
			N		
1.	المورَقة	Paper, card	5.	قابَلَ	To meet
2.	عَيِّنَة	Sample, specimen	6.	طبيب	Doctor
3.	قلِيلٌ	A little	7.	وَصنْقَهُ الدُّواعِ	Prescription of drugs
4.	جَاهِزٌ	Ready	8.	الدَّوَاءُ	Medicine.

3.5 Conversation Three

At the Pharmacy

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Pharmacist:	هَلْ تُريدُ شَنِئًا يَا أَخِي؟	Do you want something, my brother?
2.	Hasan:	نَعَم, أريدُ بَعْض الأدعويَة	Yes, I want some medicine
3.	Pharmacist:	هَلْ مَعَكَ وَصِفْهُ دَوَاء مِنْ طبيبٍ؟	Do you have with you the prescription by a doctor?
4.	Hasan:	نَعَمْ مَعِي, تَفْضَلْ	Yes, it is with me. Have it.
5.	Pharmacist:	هَذِه حُقَنَّ, خُدْ حُقْنَة وَاحِدَة فِي الْعَضَلِ كُلْ يَوْم, وهَذِه أَقْرَاصِ لِلصَّدَاع إِبْلَعْ قُرْصًا وَاحِدًا عِنْدَ اللَّزُومِ وَهَذا دَوَاء سَائِلٌ اِشْرَبْ مِلْعَقة وَاحِدَةً كَبِيرَةً قَبْلَ الأَكْلُ يَوْمِياً.	These are injections. Take one injection everyday in the muscle. These are tablets for headache, swallow one tablet when necessary. And this is a syrup; drink one big spoonful daily before meal
6.	Hasan:	شُكْرًا وَجَزَاكَ اللهُ خَيْرًا	Thanks and God bless.

3.6 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	صَيْدَلِيٌّ	A pharmacist	5.	قرْص ً	Tablet
2.	بَعْضُ	Some	6.	لْزُومٌ	Necessity
3.	حُڤنَة	Injection	7.	دَوَاعٌ سَائِلٌ	Syrup
4.	عَضَلٌ	Muscle	8.	مِلْعَقة	Spoon.

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE

Let us assume that you are an Arab doctor who was consulted by an Arab patient yesterday. Let us see the conversation that ensued between the two of you.

4.0 CONCLUSION

You are now familiar with Arabic words that are used as equivalents of the English terms in the medical service.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, some of the expressions that are in use when consulting a medical doctor, nurse, pharmacist, etc are brought for you.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

- 4. What are the Arabic equivalents for medical terms?
- 5. When your friend was ill, he consulted the different categories of health workers in order to regain his health. Let us see his Arabic conversations with these people.

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

Cowan, Miltor J. A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic, India: Modern Language Services.

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MODULE 2

Unit 1	Conversations on the School 1
Unit 2	Conversations with Schoolmates
Unit 3	Conversations on Transportation
Unit 4	Conversations on Communication

UNIT 1 CONVERSATIONS ON THE SCHOOL I

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

In this unit we will bring conversations in Arabic discussing student's contacts with people at school, especially his teacher, dean, headteacher and so on. His discussions with them will centre on matters about the school and educational terms for which Arabic equivalents will be provided.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- identify Arabic words that are used for school matters
- identify them in Arabic sentences
- use them in sentences of your own.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One) In the Classroom)

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Visitor:	أَيْنَ الطُّلابُ؟	Where are the students?
2.	Teacher:	الطُّلابُ فِي الْقَصلْ	The students are in the classroom
3.	Visitor:	أَيْنَ السَّبُورَة؟	Where is the blackboard?
4.	Teacher:	السَّبُورَةُ أَمَام الطُّلاب	The blackboard is in front of the students.
5.	Visitor:	أَيْنَ خَزَانَهُ الْكُتُبِ؟	Where is the bookcase?
6.	Teacher:	خَزَانَــَةُ الْكُتُبِ وَرَاءَ الطُّلاب	The book case is behind the student
7.	Visitor:	مَادًا مَعَ الطُّلابِ؟	What is with the students?
8.	Teacher:	مَعَ الطُّلابِ كُتُبِّ	With the students are books
9.	Visitor:	هَلِّ الْكُتُبُ عَلَى الأَدْرَاجِ؟	Are the books on the desks?
10.	Teacher:	نَعَم, الْكُتُبُ عَلَى الأَدْرَاجِ الأَدْرَاجِ	Yes, the books are on the desks
11	Visitor:	أَيْنَ حَقِيبَتُكَ؟	Where is your bag?
12.	Teacher:	حَقِيبَتِي فُوْق الْمِنْضَدَة	My bag is on the table.
13.	Visitor:	أَيْنَ السَّلَّةُ؟	Where is the basket?
14.	Teacher:	السَّلَّهُ تَحْت الْمِنْضَدَة	The basket is under the table
15.	Visitor:	أيْنَ المِنْضدَةُ؟	Where is the table?
16.	Teacher:	اَلْمِنْضَدَةُ بَيْن الْمُعَلِّم وَالطُّلاب	The table is between the teacher and the students.
17.	Visitor:	أَيْنَ الْخَريطة وَالصُّورُ ؟	Where are the maps and the pictures?
18.	Teacher:	الخريطة على النيمين اليمين والصور على اليسار	The map is on the right side; and the pictures are on the left side.

3.2 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	الطّلابُ	Students	8.	حَقِيبَة	Bag
2.	ٱلْفُصْلُ	Classroom	9.	ڤُوْق	On top
3.	السَّبُورَةُ	Blackboard	10.	المنضدة	Table
4.	أمَامَ	In front	11.	اَلسَّلَّهُ	Basket,
5.	خَزَانَة	Safe, case	12.	اَلْمُعَلِّمُ	Teacher
6.	ٱلْكُتُبُ	Books	13.	الْخَرِيطَةُ	Map, chart.
7.	ۮؙڕ۠ڿٞ	Desk, drawer	14.	الْيَمِينُ	Right hand
			15.	ٱلْيَسنَارُ	Left hand.

3.3 Conversation Two

With the Vice Chancellor (VC)

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Saalih:	صباح الخير ب	Good morning
2.	VC:	صَبَاحُ النُّورِ	Good morning
3.	Saalih:	اِسْمِي صَالِحٌ	My name is Salih
4.	VC:	مَرْحَبًا	You are welcome
5.	Saalih:	أنًا طالِبٌ جَدِيدٌ	I am a new student
6.	VC:	مِنْ أَيْنَ أَنْتَ؟	Where are you from?
7.	Saalih:	أنًا مِنَ الصُّومَالِ	I am from Somalia
8.	VC:	أهْلاً وَسَهْلاً	Welcome
9.	Saalih:	أ نه امسد رُور	I am happy with the university
		بالجامعة	
10.	VC:	الْجَامِعَةُ لِلطُّلاَّ ب	The university is for serious
		الْمُجِدِّين	students
11	Saalih:	سرَأْحَاوُلُ أَنْ أَكُون	I will try to be among the
		مِنَ ِ الْمُجِدِّين	serious students.
12.	VC:	حَسنَا, اللهُ يُسناعِدُكَ	Good, may God help you.

3.4 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	اِسمُّ	Name	5.	الجامعة	University
2.	مَرْحَبًا	Welcome	6.	ٱلْمُجِدُّ	Serious person
3.	رَئِي س الْجَامِعَة	Vice chancellor	7.	حَاوَلَ	To try.
4.	جَدِيدٌ	New			

3.5 Conversation Three

With the Dean of Students (DS)

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Saalih:	السَّلامُ عَلَيْكُمْ	May peace be on you
2.	DS:	وَعَلَيْكُمُ السَّلاَمُ	May peace be on you too
3.	Saalih:	أنَا طَالِبٌ جَدِيدٌ	I am a new student
4.	DS:	مَرْحَبًا مَا اسْمُكَ؟	Welcome, what is your name?
5.	Saalih:	اِسْمِي صَالِحٌ	My name is Salih
6.	DS:	مِنْ أَيْنَ أَنْتَ؟	Where are you from?
7.	Saalih:	أنًا مِن تَنزَانِيَا	I am from Tanzania
8.	DS:	أينَ الْجَوَارُ ؟	Where is your passport?
9.	Saalih:	هُوَ فِي الْحَقِيبَةِ	It is in the bag
10.	DS:	أَيْنَ الأَوْرَاقُ؟	Where are your credentials?
11.	Saalih:	هِيَ أَيْضًا فِي الْحَقِيبَةِ	They are also in the bag.
12.	DS:	حُسَّدَنَّا, هَاتِ الْأُوْرَاق	Good, bring the passport and
		وَالْجَوَازُ	the credentials
13.	Saalih:	تَفْضَلُ	Here you are
14.	DS:	شُكْرًا	Thanks
15.	Saalih:	أَيْنَ قُصُولِ الدِّرَاسيَة	Where are study rooms
16.	DS:	فُصر ولُ الدِّرَا سدَةِ في	Study rooms are in the campus
		الْجَامِعَة	
17.	Saalih:	أَيْنَ الْسَّكَنُ؟	Where is the hostel?
18.	DS:	السَّكَنُ فِي الدَّاخِلِيَّةِ	The hostel in the campus
19.	Saalih:	شُكْرًا	Thank you.
20.	DS:	إلَى اللَّقَاءِ	Bye, till we meet

3.6 Words and Their Meanin

	Arabic	Meaning
1.	عَمِيدٌ	Dean.
2.	الجواز	Passport, authorization
3.	ٱلأوْرَاقُ	Papers, credentials
4.	اَلدِّرَاسنَهُ	Study
5.	الستَّكَنُ	Dwelling, hostel.

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE

You have appeared before your lecturer, the Dean and the Vice Chancellor. Could you write down the conversation that ensued between one of them and you?

4.0 CONCLUSION

You are convinced- I suppose- that Arabic Lexis is replete with words useful in life. This has been demonstrated in this unit through the availability and use of words that centre on school matters.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, the classroom and its objects and meeting with the head and principal officers of the school constitute the main thrust of our discussions in Arabic.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

- 1. Write out Arabic words used in reference to the school
- 2. Let us see the conversations that ensued between you, your teacher and the principal officers of your school.

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

Cowan, Milton J.(n.d.). A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic, India Modern Language Services.

Khoury, Sadallah S. (1979). *The Correct Translator for All Occasions without a Teacher*, Beirut: al-Hayāt Library.

UNIT 2 CONVERSATIONS WITH SCHOOLMATES

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

In this unit we are going to continue on school matters but on another aspect. Schoolmates are going to feature here with discussions that have to do with them. And as you have known, Arabic language has abundant words to express ideas on this.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- identify Arabic words useful in discussing school subjects
- explain them in sentences
- use them in sentences of your own.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

Between Mahmuud and Muhammad

	Speaker	Arabic	Trans	slation		
1.	Mahmuud:	كَبْفَ حَالُكَ بِامُحَمَّد؟	How	ar	e	you,
			Muha	mmad?		-
2.	Muhammad:	أنًا بِخَيْرِ	I am f	fine		
3.	Mahmuud:	لمَادًا غِبْتَ ٱلْيَوْمَ؟	Why today	didn't ?	you	come

4.	Muhammad:	سَاڤُرْتُ مَعَ وَالِدِى وَلَم نَرْجِعْ حَتَّى بَعْدَ صَلاة الْعَصر	I travelled with my father and we did not return until after Asr prayer
5.	Mahmuud:	كُنَّا فِي قَلَقِ عَلَيْكَ	We were worried about you
6.	Muhammad:	أَشْكُرُ كُم جَمِيعًا شُكْرًا جَزيلا	I thank you all so much
7.	Mahmuud:	هَلْ جِدْتَ تَسد ْأَلُ عَن دُرُوسِ الْيَوْمِ؟	Have you come to ask about today's lessons?
8.	Muhammad:	نَعَمْ ، و سَالَكُونُ شَاكِّرًا لَوْ أَخْبَرْتَ نَي عَ مَا دَرَسْتُمْ فِي الإِنْجِلِيزِيَّة	Yes, and I shall be thankful if you tell me what you studied in the English subject
9.	Mahmuud:	تَعَلَّمْ ذَا عَنِ الْجُمْلَةُ وَبَيَّنَ لَذَا الْمُعَلِمُ أَدَّهَا تُلاَتَّهُ أَنْهَا تُلاَتَّهُ أَنْوا ع: جُمْلَة بَسد يطة وَجُمْلَة مُعَقدة وَجُمْلَة مُعَقدة وَجُمْلَة مُعَقدة وَجُمْلَة مُعَقدة	We learned about the sentence. And the teacher explained that sentences are of three types: simple sentence, complex sentence and compound sentence
10.	Muhammad:	وَمَا بَيَانُ دُلِكَ	And what is the explanation of that?
11	Mahmuud:	سَنَجِدُ بَيَائُهُ بِالتَّفْصِيلِ فِي هَذِهِ الْكُرَاسِيَة	You will see its explanation in detail in this jotter.
12.	Muhammad:	دَعْ دَى أَدْهَ بُ بِهَ اَ لِأَدْرُسَهَا جَيِّدًا وَسَاتِى بِهَا غَدًّا إِنْ شَنَاءَ الله	Let me go with it to study it very well. I will bring it tomorrow, God willing.
13.	Mahmuud:	بسرُورِ عَظِيمٍ هَاكَ	With great pleasure, take
14.	Muhammad:	وَأَيُّ مَادَةٍ دَرَسَنُمْ فَي الْحَصَّةِ التَّانِيَةِ؟ التَّانِيَةِ؟	Which subject did you study during the second period?
15.	Mahmuud:	دَرَ سَّ نَا عِلْمَ الرِّيَاضِيَاتُ وتَحَدَّثَ المُدَرِّسُ بِكَثْرَه عَنْ نَظريَّةِ فِيتَاعُورَسْ تُم أَعْطَانًا وَاحِبَة	We studied mathematics and the teacher talked at length on the Pythagoras theorem. He then gave us an assignment.
16.	Muhammad:	أَنْتَ صَدِيقٌ حَمِيمٌ حَقًا وَلَكَ الشُّكْرُ الْجَزِيل	You are truly a close friend. Thank you so much.

3.2 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	عَابَ	To be absent	12.	بَيَانٌ	Explanation
2.	رج	To return	13.	تَقْصِيلٌ	Detail
3.	قَلَقٌ	Worry, anxiety	14.	الْكُرَاسنَة	Jotter
4.	ۮؙۯؙۅڛٞ	Lessons	15.	دَرَسَ	To study
5.	سأل	To ask	16.	عَظِيمٌ	Great
6	الجُمْلَةُ	Sentence, clause	17.	مَادَةً	Subject
7.	ئوْعً	Type	18.	الْحِصَّة	Period, hour
8.	بَسِيطٌ	Simple	19	الرِّيَاضِيَاتُ	Mathematics
9.	مُعَقَّدُ	Complex	20.	نظريَّة	Theorem
10	مُرَكَّبُ	Compound	20.	وَاجِبَة	Assignment

3.3 Conversation Two

With Fellow Students in the Hostel

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Ibraahiim	هَدُا صَدِيقِي خَلِيلٌ	This is my friend Khalil. He is
		هُوَ طَالِبٌ جَدِيدٌ مِن	a new student from
		زمبَابُوی	Zimbabwe.
2.	Mansuur	أنًا سَعِيدٌ بِلِقَائِكَ	I am happy to meet you
3.	Khaliil:	شُكْرًا, هَلْ أَنْتَ طَالِب	Thanks. Are you an old
		قدِيمٌ؟ ُ	student?
4.	Mansuur	نَعَم أنا طالِبٌ قدِيمٌ مِن	Yes, I am an old student from
		ساحل العاج	Ivory coast
5.	Ibraahiim	وَهَدُا صَدِيقِي	And this is my friend Abdul-
		عَبْدُالعَظِيمَ مِن أِثِيُوبِيَا	Azeem from Ethiopia
6.	Khaliil:	وهَلْ هُوَ طَالِبٌ جَدِيدٌ؟	Is he a new student?
7.	Ibraahiim	لأ, هُوَ طَالِب قدِيم	No, he is an old student. And
		وَهَدُا الطَّالِبُ اسْمُهُ	this student, his name is
		عَبْدُ الْكَرِيمِ, حِنْسِيَّتُه	Abdul-kareem, he is a Ghanian.
		غانى	
8.	Mansuur:	أَيْنَ تَسْكُنُ يَاخَلِيلُ؟	Where do you live, Khalil?

9.	Khaliil:	هُنَا فِي هَذِهِ الْحُجْرَةِ	Here, in this room
10.	Mansuur:	حَسنتًا, هَذَا سَرِيرٌ,	Good, this is a bed and this is
		وَهَذِهِ مِنْضَدَةٌ	a table
11	Khaliil:	أَيْنَ الْكُرْسِيِ؟	Where is the chair?
12.	Mansuur:	هُنَا بجوار الْمِنْضَدَةِ	Here, by the side of the table
13.	Khaliil:	وَأَيْنَ خَزَائَة	And where is the wardrobe?
		الْمِلاَبِسِ؟	
14.	Mansuur:	هِيَ بِجِوَارِ السَّرِيرِ	Here, by the side of the bed
15.	Khaliil:	شُكْرا	Thank you.

3.4 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	صَدِيقٌ	A friend	8.	جِنْسِيَّة	Nationality
2.	سنعيد	Нарру.	9.	سكَنُّ	To live in
3.	person الله ت أله الله أله الله الله الله الله الله ا	You	10.	ٱلْحُجْرَةُ	Room
	masculine singular				
	pronoun)				
4.	person وأنت أ	You	11.	السرير	Bed.
	feminine				
	singular pronoun)				
5.	ساحِلٌ	Coast	12.	ٱلْكُرْسِيَّ	Chair
6.	عَاجٌ	Ivory	13.	بچوَار	By the side of
7.	قدِيمٌ	Old	14.	حَزَائة الْمَلابِس	Wardrobe.
	,			المكلابس	

3.5 Conversation Three

Between Shaakirah and Faatimah

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Shaakirah:	الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهُ عَلَى سَالَامَتِكَ,	Thank God for your
		مَتَّى حَضَر ْتَ مِنْ بَلَدِكَ؟	safety. When did you
		حی سرے ہوں ہو۔۔	come from your town?
2.	Faatimah:	حَضَرَاتُ أَمْسِ	I came yesterday.
3.	Shaakirah:	متى تصل زينب زميلتك ؟	When will your mate,
			Zaynab, arrive?
4.	Faatimah:	رُبَّمَا تَصِلُ عُدًا بِالطَّائِرَة	She may arrive
			tomorrow by air

5.	Shaakirah:	لِمادُا تَأْخُرَتْ؟	Why is she late?
6.	Faatimah:	لاَ أعْرِفُ بِالضَّبْطِ	I do not know exactly.
7.	Shaakirah:	سد تَبْدَأُ الدِّرَا سد َةِ بَعْدَ غَدً, وأرْجُو أنْ تَصِلَ قَبْلَ دُلِكَ	Classes will commence day after tomorrow and I hope she arrives before that.
8.	Faatimah:	نَدْ نُ نَعْرِ فَ رُزَيْ ذَبِ هِى طالِبَة مُواظِبَة وَ سَدَ تَحْضُر فِي الْوَقْتِ الْمُنَاسِبِ	We know Zaynab, she is a diligent student. She will arrive at the appropriate time.
9	Shaakirah:	هَلْ عَرَفْتَ زُمَنَ الدِّرَاسِدَةُ الْجَدِيدِ فِي هَذَا الْعَامِ؟	Do you know the new time for lectures this session?
10.	Faatimah:	لا, مَا عَرَفْتُهُ	No, I do not know it.
11.	Shaakirah:	سَلُخِبُرَكَ إِدُنْ, فِي السَّاعَةُ التَّامِئَةِ إِلاَّ عَشْدَ رَدَقَائِقَ التَّامِئَةِ إِلاَّ عَشْدَ رَدَقَائِقَ سَوْفَ نَدْخُلُ الْقُصُولِ, وَتَبْدَأُ الدَّرَاسِنَة فِي التَّامِئَةِ تَمَامًا	Then, I will tell you: we will enter classrooms at 7.50 am and lessons will start at eight O'clock
12.	Faatimah:	كَمْ مُدَّةِ الْحِصَّةِ الْوَاحِدَة	What is the time for one subject period?
13.	Shaakirah:	أرْبَعُونَ دَقِيقَةً	Forty minutes
14.	Faatimah:	مَتَى يَنْتَهِى وَقْتُ الدَّرَاسَة؟	When will the lesson end?
15.	Shaakirah:	فِي الْوَاحِدَة وَتُلاَثِينَ دَقِيقَةً	1.30 pm
16.	Faatimah:	شُكْرًا	Thank you.

3.6 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	سكلامكة	Safety	11.	مُنَاسِبٌ	Appropriate
2.	وَصَلَ	To arrive	12.	ٱلْعَامِّ	Year, session
3.	الطّائِرَة	Aeroplane	13.	اَلسَّاعَةُ	Hour
4.	تَأْخُرَ	To come late	14.	اَلْتَامِنُ	Eighth
5.	عَرَف	To know	15.	عَثْرُةُ	Ten
6.	رُبُّمَا	May be	16.	تمامًا	Completely
7.	بالضَّبْطِ	Exactly	17.	وَاحِدٌ	One
8.	بَدَأ	To start	18.	أرْبَعُونَ	Forty
9.	ٲڔ۠ڿؙۅ	I hope, I	19.	دَقِيقَةً	Minute
		expect			

Diligent مُواظِبٌ 10.	20	Thirty. تُلاثُونَ	
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SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE

In good Arabic, discuss with your schoolmate affairs of your school and your expectations in the new academic session.

4.0 CONCLUSION

Arabic language has enough words to express school matters especially those affairs that concern students and the subjects they offer. Your mastery of them is very important to be able to match your friends when conversing with them in Arabic language.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, we have discussed issues relating to students' interactions among themselves, their hostel discussions and talks about subject they offer in school.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

Compose Arabic conversation between your schoolmate and you discussing school affairs that concern specifically the students.

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

Cowan, Miltor J. (n.d). *A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic*, India: Modern Language Services.

Khoury, Sadallah S. (1979). *The Correct Translator for All Occasions without a Teacher*, Beirut: Al-hayat Library.

UNIT 3 CONVERSATIONS ON TRANSPORTATION

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- 3.0 Main Content
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Transportation, which is one of the most important human affairs, has its own good share of Arabic language. Your romance with this unit will enhance your conversational ability.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- single out Arabic words usable in transportation
- explain their meanings in sentences
- use them in sentences of your own.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

At the Bus Station

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Traveller:	أَىُّ بُو سَد ْطَةً تَدْهُ بُ إِلَى ا	Which bus goes to Abuja?
		أبُوجَا	
2.	Station	تِلْكِ الَّتِي فِي الْمَحَطَّة	That one at the station
	man		
	(SM):		
3.	Traveller:	فِي آيِّ وَقْتِ تُغَادِرُ؟	At what time does it leave?

4.	SM:	تَسبيرُ فِي السَّاعَةِ التَّانِيَةِ	It moves at 2.0' clock	
5.	Traveller:	فَ مِي أَى وَقُ تَ رِ تَقُو مَ النَّانِيَة؟ النَّوسُطُةُ التَّانِيَة؟	At what time does the second bus start?	
6.	SM:	تَقُومُ البُوسِدْطَةُ التَّانِيَةُ فِي السَّاعَةِ التَّالِيَةُ فِي السَّاعَةِ التَّالِيَّة	The second bus starts at 3.0'clock	
7.	Traveller:	أريدُ أنُ أحْجِزَ مَقْعَدَيْنِ	I want to book 2 seats	
8.	SM:	فِي أَيِّ بُوسُطْة تُرِيدُ؟	By which bus do you want to go?	
9.	Traveller:	فِي بُوسُطةِ السَّاعَةِ التَّالِثَةِ	By 3.0 O'clock bus.	
10.	SM:	حَسنًا, أَيْنَ أَمْتِعَتِكَ؟	Fine. Where is your luggage?	
11.	Traveller:	مَازَادَت في الفُنْدُقِ, أريد حماً لا لِيأتِي بِهَا حماً لا لِيأتِي بِهَا	They are still in the hotel and I want a carrier to fetch them.	
12.	SM:	بإمْكِاثِكَ أَنْ تَأْخُذُ هَذَا	You can take this one.	
13.	Traveller:	كَمْ يَجُب أَنْ أَدْفَعَ لَهُ؟	How much shall I pay him?	
14.	SM:	هَلُ الْقُنْدُق بَعِيدًا مِنْ هُنَا؟	Is the hotel far away from here?	
15.	Traveller:	كَلَّ, لَيْسَ بَعِيدًا جِدًّا	No, not so far	
16.	SM:	اِدْفَعْ لَهُ خَمْسَ نَيْرَاتٍ عَن كُلِّ شَنْطة	Pay him five naira on each trunk.	

3.2 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	بُوسُطةٍ	Bus	7.	مَتَاعٌ	Luggage
2.	المُحَطَّة	Station	8.	مَازَالَ	It remains
3.	سنار	To walk,	9	ٱلْفُنْدُقُ	Hotel
		move			
4.	قامَ	To start	10.	حمَّالُ	A carrier
	,	moving			
5.	حَجَزَ	To book (a	11.	دَڤعَ	To pay
		seat)			
6.	مَقْعَدُ	A seat	12.	شنطة	Trunk

3.3 Conversation Two

With the Taxi Driver

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Taxi man:	أيَّهُ خِدْمَةٍ, يَاسَيِّدِي	Any service, sir?
2.	Commuter:	أريدُ الدُّهَابِ إِلَى إِبَا	I want to go to Iba.
3.	Taxi man:	فِي خِدْمَتِكُمْ يَاسَيِّدِي	At your service, sir
4.	Commuter:	كَمْ تُريدُ؟	How much do you want?
5.	Taxi man:	مِائتَانِ نَيْرًة فقطْ	N200 only.
6.	Commuter:	ألَيْسَ هَذَا كَثِيرًا؟	Is it not too much?
7.	Taxi man:	كَلاَّ وَابَدَّا وَهَذِه التَّعْرِيفَة	No, not at all, this is the
		الرَّسُمْيَّةُ	official tarif.
8.	Commuter:	حَسنًا, سنَدْقُعُ لَكَ حَسنب	Okay, we shall pay you as
		التَّعْريفة الرَّسْمِيَّة	per the official tariff
9.	Taxi man:	وَالآنَ إِلَى أَيْنَ؟	Now, where to ?
10.	Commuter:	سر بنا أوَّلا إلى إيان إبا	Drive us first to Iyana-Iba,
		تُم الِّي إبا	then to Iba.
11.	Taxi man:	هَيًّا بِثَا	Come on, let us go.

3.4 Words and Their Meanings

	Arabic	Meaning
1.	يَا سَيِّدِي	Sir
2.	ٱلتَّعْريفة	Tarif.
3.	الرَّسْمِي	Official

3.5 Conversation Three

At the Travelling Agency

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Traveller:	3 * C *	Good morning
2.	Travel	صبَاحُ النُّورِ, تَفْضَّلُ,	Good morning, please, sit
	agent		down
	(TA):	اِجْلِسْ	33 X 32
3.	Traveller:	شُكْرًا	Thank you.
4.	TA:	أَيَّهُ خِدْمَةٍ يَا سَيِّدِي؟	Any service, sir?
5.	Traveller:	أثت للإستعلام	I came to inquire

6.	TA:	هَلْ تُريدُ أَنْ تُسافِرَ؟	Do you want to travel?
7.	Traveller:	نَعَم, أَنَا وَعَائِلَتِي	Yes, my family and I.
8.	TA:	اللَى أَيْنَ تُريدُونَ السَّفْر؟	Where do you want to travel to?
9.	Traveller:	إلى لِيبِيَا	To Libya.
10.	TA:	كَمْ عَدَدُكُمْ؟	How many are you?
11.	Traveller:	أناً وَزُو جُتِي وَأَرْبَعَهُ أَطْفَال	My wife and I and four
		دُونَ الْعَاشِرَة	children under ten years.
12.	TA:	سدتَحْصُلُ عَلَى أَجْرَةِ سدَقَر	You will get a family
		عَائِلِيَّة	fare.
13.	Traveller:	كَمْ سَيُكَلِّفَتْنِي دُلِكَ؟	How much does it cost me?
14.	TA:	هَذِهِ هِيَ اللَّائِحَة	Here is the list.
15.	Traveller:	كَمْ تَحْسِمُونَ بِالْمِئَةِ؟	What percentage do you discount?
16	TA:	سَاَّحِيلُكَ إِلَى الْمُدِيرِ	I will refer you to the manager.
17.	Traveller:	أِرْ جُو أَنْ تُعَلِّمَ نِي بِأَدْ نَي	Please let me know your
		الْجُورِكُ م مجواً وَبَحْرًا	least fares by air and by
		وَبِمُواعِيدِ السه قُورُ بِأُول	sea and the schedule of the first plane and ship to
		طَّائِرَةٍ وَأُوَّلِ بَاخِرَة	move.
18.	TA:	بِكُلِّ سُرُورِ يَا سَيِّدِي	With all pleasure, sir.

3.6 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	أتّى	To come	10.	أحالَ إلَى	To refer to
2.	ألماستعلام	Inquiry	11.	أعْلَمُ	To inform
3.	عَدَدُ	Number.	12.	ٱلمُدِيرُ	Manager, director
4.	طِفْلٌ	A baby	13.	أدْنَى	Least
5.	حَصلَ عَلَى	To get	14.	ٲڿڔۗٞ	Fare, fee
6.	كَلْفَ	To cost	15.	جَوَّ	Sky
7.	اللاَئِحَةُ	List, bill.	16.	بَحْرٌ	Sea
8.	حَسْمُ	To cut, discount, reduce	17.	مَوْعِدٌ	Time, schedule
9.	بالمئة	Percentage.	18.	بَاخِرَةً	Ship

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE

You are taking a taxi to Jibowu to arrange for your travel to Port-Harcourt. Let us see your interactions with those concerned in good Arabic.

4.0 CONCLUSION

In this unit, you have been acquainted with Arabic words that are relevant when talking about transportation. The availability of these Arabic equivalents for transportation is a testimony that the language is a living one.

5.0 SUMMARY

We have discussed in Arabic issues relating to the means of transportation, especially on land and by air.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

Compose two conversations in Arabic about air and land travels discussing experiences and contacts with operators

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

Cowan, Miltor J(n.d)., *A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic*, India: Modern Language Services.

Khoury, Sadallah S. (1979). *The Correct Translator for All Occasions without a Teacher*, Beirut: Al-hayat Library.

UNIT 4 CONVERSATIONS ON COMMUNICATION

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Communication is very important to man and any language that falls short of providing words for this important aspect of life is useless. Arabic language is one of those languages that have words in abundance for it. Study this unit very well in order to avail yourself of the treasure of Arabic.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- identify Arabic words used in communication.
- explain their significance in sentences and
- use them in sentences of your own

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

Between Olu: and Ade

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Ade:	هَالُو, آلُو	Hello, Olu.
2.	Olu:	هَالُو, مَنْ يَتَكَلَّمُ؟	Hello, who is speaking?
3.	Ade:	اَدَي يَتَكَلِّمُ	Ade is speaking.

4.	Olu:	مِنْ أَيْنَ تَتَكَلَّمُ مَعِي؟	From where are you speaking with me?
5.	Ade:	أَتَكَلَّمُ مَعَكَ مِنْ أُوشُنُودِي, مَادُا سَنَقْعَلُ هَدُا الْمَسنَاءِ؟	I am talking to you from Oshodi. What will you do this evening?
6.	Olu:	هَدُا الْمُسَاءُ؟	This evening?
7.	Ade:	نَعَمْ هَلْ تُرِيدُ أَنْ تَبْقَى فَي الْبِيْتِ؟	Yes, do you want to stay at home?
8.	Olu:	مَادُا تُريدُ مِنىً؟	What do you want from me?
9.	Ade:	إِنْ لَمْ تَكُنْ مَشْغُولاً, أريدُكَ أَن تَسْهُرَ مَعِى تَسْهُرَ مَعِى	If you are not busy, I want you to spend the evening out with me.
10.	Olu:	هَلْ تَتَوَقَعُ أَنْ يَأْتِي أَحَدٌ؟	Do you expect anybody to come?
11.	Ade:	نَعَمْ, سدَيَصِلُ إِدِنُ عَمِّى بَعْدَ ظَهْرِ الْيَوْمَ مِنْ كَنْدَا	Yes, my cousin will arrive this afternoon from Canada.
12.	Olu:	كَمْ مَضَى عَلَى غِيَابِهِ؟	How long has he been away?
13.	Ade:	تُلاث سنَواتٍ وسبتَّة أشْهُرِ	Three years and six months
14.	Olu:	طيّ ب , سداً كُونُ مَعَ ك ، هَل سنتَسْتَقْبِلُهُ فِي الْمَطارِ؟	Alright, I will be with you. Will you receive him at the airport?
15.	Ade:	ا نُعَمْ, فِي الْمَطَارِ	Yes, at the airport
16.	Olu:	مَتَى؟	When?
17.	Ade:	فِي السَّاعَةِ التَّانِيَّةِ	At 2 0' clock.
18.	Olu:	متى ستَهْبِطُ الطَّائِرَةِ؟	When will the plane land?
19.	Ade:	فِي السَّاعَةِ التَّانِيَّةِ وَالنِّصْفِ سَاكُونُ هُنَاكَ عَلَى الْوَقْتِ	At 2.30
20	Olu:	سَلَّكُونُ هُنَاكَ عَلَى الْوَقْتِ	I shall be there on time.

3.2 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	ڤعَلَ	To do	8.	غِيَابِ	Absence
2.	مَشْغُولٌ	Busy	9.	سنّة	Year

3.	سنهر	To keep vigil	10.	سنَوَاتً	Years
4.	تُوَقَعَ	To expect	11.	شَهْرٌ	A month
5.	ظهرًا	Noon	12.	اسْتَقْبَلَ	To receive
6.	بَعْدَ ظَهْرِ	Afternoon	13.	المطار	Airport
7.	مَضَى	To pass	14.	هَبَط	To land
			15.	نِصْفٌ	A half

3.3 Conversation Two

Between Ola and Phone Operator

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Ola:	صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ	Good morning
2.	Operator:	صد بَاحُ النُّور, مَادُا تُريدُ؟	Good morning, What do you want?
3.	Ola:	أريدُ مُحَادَثَة, مِ ن قضلك	I want to speak with somebody, please
4.	Operator:	عَنْ طريق الْهَادِف أو عَنْ طريق الْجَوَالَةِ؟	Through land phone or through GSM handset?
5.	Ola:	عضن طريق الْهَادِف أُولًا	Through land phone first
6.	Operator:	إلى أيعنَ؟	To where?
7.	Ola:	إلى لَنْدَنْ	To London.
8.	Operator:	أَدْكُر الرَّقْمَ الْمَطْلُوبَ	Call the number you want to dial.
9.	Ola:	00960176473052	00960176473052
10.	Operator:	هَلْ تَعْرِ فُ أَنَّ مُحَادَثَة دَقِيقَةٍ بِالْهَاتِ فَ ِ تُكَدِّ فَ عِشْرِينَ نَيْرَةً؟	Do you know that conversation of one minute with the land telephone costs twenty naira?
11.	Ola:	نَعَمْ, أَعْرِفُ ذَلِكَ	Yes, I know that.
12.	Operator:	هَا هُوَ يَهْتِفُ	Here is it ringing.
13.	Ola:	هَالُو, أوْلاَ يَتَكَلَّمُ .	Hello, Ola is speaking.
14.	Operator:	هَلْ قَدِ الْتَهَدِّ تُ مِ نِ الْمُحَادَثَةِ؟	Have you ended your conservation?
15.	Ola:	نَعَ م ْ, وكَ م ْ قِيمَةُ الْمُحَادَتَةِ؟	Yes, and how much is the call?

16.	Operator:	ضَمَعُ سَدَمَاعَةَ الْهَادِفِ.	Drop the earpiece of the telephone. The conversation		
		ه و قيمَهُ الْمُحَادَ ثُلَّةً مِئَةً	telephone. The conversation		
		1.5% 2.0%	telephone. The conversation costs one hundred naira only.		
		ىيرە قەط	only.		
17.	Ola:	تفضل. خدِ الحِساب	Take the amount.		
18.	Operator:	شُكُرًا, مَعَ السَّلاَمَةِ	Thank you, goodbye.		

3.4 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	عَنْ طَريقِ	Through	5.	ٱلدَّقِيقَةُ	Minute.
2.	الهاتف	Telephone	6.	هَتَفَ	To ring
3.	اَلْجَوَّالَهُ	Mobile phone	7.	قيمَة	Value
4.	ٱلرَّقْمُ	Number.	8.	سَمَّاعَة	Earpiece.

SELF ASSESSMETN EXERCISE

Identify the technical terms in phone calls and then compose a good Arabic conversation between somebody who wants to make call at the business centre and the Operator.

4.0 CONCLUSION

In this unit, telephoning services have been discussed in Arabic. We have done this in order to be able to bring to you the Arabic equivalents of some of the terms in use in this sector.

5.0 SUMMARY

We have discussed in Arabic issues concerning land telephone and mobile phoning both of which are means of communication with distant people.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

Your friend and you once discussed the trends in the communication sector. Could you express for us this Arabic conversation that ensued between both of you?

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

Cowan, Miltor J. (n.d). A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic, India: Modern Language Services.

Khoury, Sadallah S. (1979). *The Correct Translator for All Occasions without a Teacher*, Beirut: Al-hayāt Library.

MODULE 3

Unit 1	Conversations on Religion
Unit 2	Conversations on Good Morals
Unit 3	Conversations on Business Transactions
Unit 4	Conversations on Manual
Unit 5	Military Services and Sports

UNIT 1 CONVERSATIONS ON RELIGION

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- 3.0 Main Content
 - 3.1 Conversation One
 - 3.2 Words and Their Meanings
 - 3.3 Conversation Two
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Arabic is a language that is sensitive to all human affairs. Hence, it has copious stock of words about religion. We have brought some of these words in this unit. So enjoy your study here.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- identify Arabic words on religion
- understand them in usage
- put them in correct usage of your own.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

At the Mosque

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation		
1.	Hasan:	مِنْ أَيْنَ أَنْتَ قَادِمٌ؟	From where are you coming?		
2.	Saalih:	أنًا قادِمٌ مِنَ الحُّجْرَةِ	I am coming from the mosque		
3.	Hasan:	وَإِلَى أَيْنَ أَنْتَ دُاهِبٌ؟	And to where are you going?		
4.	Saalih:	أنًا ذاهب إلى الْمَسْجِدِ	I am going to the mosque		
5.	Hasan:	هَلِ الْمَسْجِدُ بَعِيدٌ؟	Is the mosque far away?		
6.	Saalih:	لاً, هُوَ قري ب " بجوَار الْمَدْرَسَةِ	No, it is near by the side of the school		
7.	Hasan:	أنا أريدُ الصَّلاة	I want to observe salaah		
8.	Saalih:	إدُن تَعَالَ, أَنْظُر هَدُا هُو الْمَسْجِد الْمَسْجِد	Come along, then. See this is the mosque		
9.	Hasan:	مًا هَدُا؟	What is this?		
10.	Saalih:	هَدُا مِنْبَرٌ وَهِدُا مِحْرَابٌ	This is prayer niche and this is mosque pulpit.		
11.	Hasan:	وَمَا هَذِهِ؟	And what is this?		
12.	Saalih:	هَذِهِ قُبَّةً وَهَذِهِ مِئْدُنَةً	This is a dome and this is a minaret		
13.	Hasan:	أيْنَ مَكَانَ الإِمَام؟	Where is the place of imam?		
14.	Saalih:	مكًا نَ الإِمَا مَ الْمِنبَر والمحدراب	The place of the imam is the		
15.	Hasan:	أ نه الريدُ الوُضُوعَ, هَل دَوْرَةُ الْمِيَاهِ بَعِيدَةٌ؟	I want to perform ablution. Is the water closet far?		
16.	Saalih:	لاً, هِيَ قريبَةً	No, it is near.		
17.	Hasan:	مَاشَاءَ اللهُ هَدُا مَسَد ْجِد جميل	God! This is a beautiful mosque.		

3.2 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/ N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	قادِمٌ	Coming	6.	الصَّلاة	Muslim formal prayer.
2.	<u>دُاهِبٌ</u>	Going	7.	ٱلْوُصُوعُ	Ablution.
3.	الْمَسْجِدُ	Mosque.	8.	دَوْرَةُ الْمِيَاهِ	Water closet
4.	ٱلْمِنْبَرُ	Pulpit	9.	جَمِيلٌ	Beautiful.
5.	اَلْمحْرَاتُ	Mosque niche			

3.3 Conversation Two

Ramadan Fasting

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Son:	فِی أي شَهْرِ نَدْنُ ياً أبی؟	Daddy, which month are we in?
2.	Father:	نَدْ نُ الآنَ فَ مِي شُنَهْر شُعَبَان يَابُئِي	We are now in the month of Shaban, my son.
3.	Son:	وَمَتَى شَهُرُ رَمضانَ؟	And when is the month of Ramadan?
4.	Father:	بَعْدَ شَعْبَانَ مُبَاشَرَةً	Immediately after Shaban
5.	Son:	هَلِ الصرِّيَامُ وَاجِبٌ عَلَى كُلِّ النَّاسِ؟	Is fasting compulsory on all human beings?
6.	Father:	إنَّ الصلِّيَامَ وَاجِبٌ عَلَى الْمُسدُ لِمُ الْبَالِغِ صَدَحِيح الْمُسدُ لِمُ الْبَالِغِ صَدَحِيح الْجِسْم وَ الْعَقْل	Fasting is compulsory on the muslim who is sane, healthy and has attained the age of puberty
7.	Son:	أرْجُو أَنْ تُخْبِرَنِي يَا أَبِي - كَيْف يَصدُومُ الْمُسدْلِم رَمَضانَ؟	Daddy, could you tell me how the muslim fasts in the month of Ramadan?
8.	Father:	يُثرُ كَ الْعَمَلَ الْقبي ح وَالْقُوْلَ الْقبي يح ويَعْمَلَ الْعَمَلَ الصَّالِح, قيصَلَ كَثِيراً ويَثْلُو الْقُرْآ ن كَثِيراً ويَدْكُرُ الله ويُحْسد نُ إلَى الْقُقراء والْمَسَاكِين	He leaves indecent deeds and speeches and does good deeds. Hence, he prays a lot, recites the Quran a lot, remembers Allah and extends kind gestures to the poor and the needy.

9.	Son:	سدَمِعْتُ أَ نَ ۖ لَيْلَةَ الْقَدْرِ تَكُونُ فِي شَنَهْرِ رَمَضَان قُمَتَى يَتَوَقَّعُ الْمُسدْلِمُون هَذِهِ اللَّيْلَةَ الْعَظِيمَة؟	I heard that the Night of majesty comes in the month of Ramadan. When do Muslims expect this great night?
10.	Father:	إنَّ الْمُسدُلِمِينَ يَتَوَقَّعُونَ لَيْلَةَ الْقَدْرِ فَ مِي اللَّيَالِي الْعَشْرِ الأَخِيرَةِ مِ ن الْعَشْرِ الأَخِيرَةِ مِ ن رَمَضَانَ فَيُكْثِرُونَ مِن الص الله وَالدَّكْرِ وَتِلاَوَة الْقُرْآن	Muslims expect the night of majesty in the last ten nights of Ramadan. So, they increase their prayers, their remembrance of Allah and the recitation of the Quran.
11.	Son:	لَقَدْ عَرَفْتُ أَنَّ رَمَضَان شَهْرٌ عَظِيم	I have known that Ramadan is a great month.
12.	Father:	نَعَمْ ، يَابُنَى ، وَأَنَّ خَيْرَهُ كَثِير	Yes, my son, and certainly, its benefits are numerous.

3.4 Words and Their Meanings.

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	شَعْبَانُ	8 th month of the	14.	اَلْقبيحُ	Indecent, ugly
		Islamic calendar			
2.	رَمَضَانُ	9 th month of the	15.	ٱلْقُولُ	Speech
		Islamic calendar			
3.	مُبَاشَرَةً	Immediately	16.	عَمَلٌ	To work
4.	اَلصبِّيَامُ	Fasting	17.	اَلصَّالِحُ صلَّی	Righteous
5.	وَاحِبٌ	Compulsory	18.	صَلَّى	To observe
					Muslim prayer
6.	اَلْثَاسُ	Human-kind	19.	تكلا	To recite
7.	يَابُنَيَّ	My son	20.	ۮٛػؘڒؘ	To remember
8.	ٱلْبَالِغُ	One who has	21.	أحْسنَ إلَى	To do good to
		come of age			
9.	صَحِيحُ الْجِسْمِ	Healthy-bodied	22.	الْفَقِيرْلا	Poor
10.	ٱلْعَقْلُ	Brain, intellect	23.	المسكين	Needy
11.	صَحِيحُ الْعَقْلِ	Sane	24.	سمع ليْلة	To hear
12.	صنام	To fast.	25.	لَيْلَة	Night
13.	ٱلْعَمَلُ	Work, deed	26.	تُوَقَعَ	To expect
			27	خَيْرٌ	Good, benefit

3.5 Conversation Three

Going on Pilgrimage

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Nuuh:	أتُريدُ الْحَجَّ هَدُا الْعَامُ؟	Do you intend to go on holy
			pilgrimage this year?
2.	Abdul:	نَعَمْ, بِإِذْنِ اللهِ, وَأَذْتَ أَلا	Yes, by God's grace. And
		تُريدُ أَنْ تَحُجَّ؟	you, don't you intend to go
			on holy pilgrimage?
3.	Nuuh:	بَلِي, سَأَحُجُّ إِنْ شَنَاءَ اللهُ	Yes, I will perform
<u> </u>			pilgrimage, God willing.
4.	Abdul:	هَلْ عَلِمْتَ إِجْرَاءَاتِ الْحَج	Do you know all pilgrimage
		كُلِّهَا ؟	rites?
5.	Nuuh:	نَعَمْ, قَدْ تَعَلَّمْتُهَا مِنَ الْمُعَلِّمِ	Yes, I have learnt them from
		7	the teacher.
6.	Abdul:	هَلْ تُسَافِرُ وَحْدَكَ؟	Will you travel alone?
7.	Nuuh:	لا, لَنْ أُسْنَافِرَ وَحْدِي	No, I will never travel alone.
8.	Abdul:	مَنْ سَيُسَافِرُ مَعَكَ؟	Who will travel with you?
9.	Nuuh:	زَوْجَتِي بَيْضَاءُ	My wife, Baydaa
10.	Abdul:	مَتَى السَّقْرُ إلى الْأَرَاضِي	When is the journey to the
		الْمُقَدَّسيَة؟	holy land?
11.	Nuuh:	يوْ م التُلاثاء القادم	Coming Tuesday, by Saudi
		بِالطَّائِرَةِ السَّعُودِيَّةَ	airplane.
12.	Abdul:	إِذُنْ سَنُسَافِلُ مَعًا في	Then, we will travel together
12.	Abdui.		in the same plane.
		الطَّائِرَةِ نَفْسِهَا	in the same plane.
13.	Nuuh:	حَقًّا؟! إنَّ سنَفْرَكَ مَعِي	Really?! Your travel with me
		يسد ْعَدُنى كَثِيرًا لِأَنِّي لَمْ	certainly gladdens me
		أَدْهَبْ إِلَى الْكَحِجِّ قَبْلُ دُلِكُ	because I have not gone to
		ا المرافعة في الما	pilgrimage before and I will
		وساحتاج إلى مساعدتك	need your help.
14.	Abdul:	أنًا دَائِمًا فِي الْخِدْمَةِ	I am always at your service
15.	Nuuh:	شُكْرًا	Thank you.
16.	Abdul:	إلى اللَّقاء فِي الْمطار	Till we meet at the
			airport.

3.6 Words and Their Meanings.

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	ٱلْحَجُّ	Holy pilgrimage	6.	وَحْدِی	I alone
2.	بإدْنِ اللهِ	By the grace of God, by God's leave.	7.	الأرْضُ	The earth, soil, land
3.	حَجَّ	To go on pilgrimage	8.	ٱڵؙٛٛ۠مُقَدَّسُ	Holy.
4.	بَلَى	Yes, yes indeed	9.	ٱلتُّلاثاءُ	Tuesday
5.	إجْر اعِاتٌ	Conducts, processes			

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE

At your leisure hour, you and some of your friends were discussing issues generally and suddenly you opened discussion on salaah and hajj. Let us see how your conversation on the two issues went.

4.0 CONCLUSION

You have known that religion is an inevitable human affair and that Arabic language has adequate words for it. You will enjoy your study of this unit for it will enrich your language competence.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, we have in conversations discussed issues relating to religion (the mosque, ablution, pillars of Islam, etc).

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

Your friend and you once exchanged experience and knowledge about religion. Could you put on paper the text of this conversation that ensued between you?

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

Cowan, Miltor J. (n.d). A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic, India: Modern Language Services.

Khoury, Sadallah S. (1979). *The Correct Translator for All Occasions without a Teacher*, Beirut: Al-hayat Library.

UNIT 2 CONVERSATIONS ON GOOD MORALS

CONTENTS

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Language as we have known is one of the effective ways of imparting instructions and Arabic language has enough of these words and expressions. This fact will come your way in a moment.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- explain Arab moral lessons
- converse competently on ethical matters.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

Between a Mother and Her Daughter

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Mother:	مَتَى رَجَعْتَ مِنَ الْمَدْرَسَة	When did you return from
		يَالِبْنَتِي ؟	school, my daughter
2.	Daughter:	رَجَعْ تُ إِلَى الْبَيْ تِ عِنْد	I returned home at 3.0'clock
		السداً عَةِ الثَّالِثَّةِ وَأَدْ تَ	when you were sleeping in bed.
		نَائِمَةً قُوْقَ السَّرِيرِ	
3.	Mother:	حَسنًا مَادًا أَخَذْتُمُ الْيَوْمَ مِن	Good, what did you learn
		الْمَعْلُومَاتِ؟	today?

4.	Daughter:	دَرَسننا مَادَةِ عِلْمِ الأَخْلاق وَعِلْ مِ الأَحْيَاءِ وَعِلْ مِ الرِّيَاضِيَاتِ وَموادَ أَخْرَى أُورَةً	We studied ethics, biology, mathematics and other important subjects.
5.	Mother:	مهمه يَسد رُنِي ذلِ ك َ, وَمَادَا تَعَلَّمْتُمْ مِنْ عِلْمِ الأَخْلاقِ؟	That makes me happy. And what did you learn from ethics?
6.	Daughter:	تَحَدَّ ثَ الْمُدَرِّ سُ طُويلاً عَ نِ الْأَخْلاَ قِ الْكَرِيمَة وَأَخْبَرَنَا أَنَّ لُقْمَانَ وَعَظ اِبْدَ 4 بَكِثيرٍ مِ ن ْ هَذِ ه الأَخْلاق.	The teacher talked at length on noble characters and told us that Luqman admonished his son with many of these morals.
7.	Mother:	هَلْ تَدْكُّرينَ بَعْضَ مَا قالَ الْمُدَرِّ سُ عَ نْ وَعْ ظ لُقْمَانَ لِابْنِهِ؟	Do you remember some of what the teacher said about the admonition of Luqmaan to his son?
8.	Daughter:	أَخْبَرَ ذَا أَنَّ لَقْمَانَ وَعَظَ ابْنِهِ أَنْ يُقِيمَ الصَّلَاةَ وَأَن يَأْمُرَ بِالْمَعْرُو فِ وَيَدْهَى عَن الْمُنْكَر	He told us that Luqman admonished his son to regularly observe salaah, enjoin what is good and forbid what is indecent.
9.	Mother:	وَمَادُا يَعْنِي دُلِكَ؟	And what does that mean?
10.	Daughter:	يعْنِي أَنَّهُ يَجِبُ عَلَيْنَا أَن ثقيم الص لاة وَنُص وم رمضان وتفعل سرائر أرْكان الإسلام ثم نروض أنفس نَا على فعل الْحَيْر قبْل أَنْ نَامُر غيْرنا بفعله وتَتَجَدَّ ب فعل الشَّرِ قبْل أَنْ نُنْهى غيْرنا عنه	It means that it is compulsory on us to observe salah, fast Ramadan and carry out other pillars of Isalm. Then we should train ourselves to do good deeds before we enjoin others to do them and avoid evil deeds ourselves before we forbid others from doing them.
11.	Mother:	هَلْ عِنْدَ دُلِ كَ تَوَقَّ فَ الْمُدَرِّسُ؟	Is that where the teacher stopped?
12.	Daughter:	لا, قال: إنَّ مِنْ مَوْعِظةً لَقْمَانَ أَنْ لا يُصدَعِّرَ ابْنُهُ خَدَّهُ لِلثَّاسِ وَلا يَمْشدِى فَي الْأَرْضِ مَرَحًا وَأَن فِي الأَرْضِ مَرَحًا وَأَن يَصد بر دَائِمًا عَلَى مَا أَصابَه	No, he said part of the admonition of Luqman is that his son should not swell his cheek for pride at people nor walk in insolence through the land and that he should always patiently bear what betides him.

13.	Mother:	وَمَادُا اسدُتَقَدتَ مِن شَهَدُا كُلُهِ؟	And what did you gain from all this?
14.	Daughter:	اسد تقدنت كثيرًا لِأ نَّى قد عَرَفْتُ مِذْهُ أَنَّ الْقَخْر وَالْكِبْرَ أَخْلاً ق ٌ دُمِيمَة وَأَنَّ التَّوَاضُدعَ وَالصدَّبْر وَفِعْلَ المَعْرُو فَ مَ مِن الأَخْلاق الْحَمِيدَة	I benefited a lot because I have known from this that pride and indecent deeds are objectionable behaviours while humbleness, patience and good deeds are good morals
15.	Mother:	أرْ ج أو أ ن ° تَخْتَارِي مَحَا سرِنَ الأَخْلاَ قِ فَي مُعَامَلاَتِك.	I expect you to choose righteous acts in your interactions.

3.2 Words and Their Meanings.

S/N 1. 2.	Arabic إبْنَهُ ٱلْمَعْلُومَاتُ	Meaning Daughter Knowledge	S/N 12. 13.	Arabic نَّهَى أَرْكَا ن الاسلام	Meaning To forbid Pillars of Islam
3.	عِدْ م الأخْلاق	Ethics	14.	رُوَّضَ	To train
4.	عِلْمُ الأَحْيَاءِ	Biology	15.	تَجَنَّبَ	To avoid
5.	مُهِمَّةً	Important	16.	تَو ۚ قَفْ	To stop
6.	تَحَدَّثُ	To talk	17.	مَوْعِظة	Admonition
7.	وَعَظ	To admonish	18.	صَعَّرَ خَدَّهُ	To put on a contemptuous mien
8.	نُصَحَ	To advise	19.	مَرَحَ	Gaiety
9.	الممغروف	Good deed	20.	أصناب	To afflict
10.	ٱلْمُثْكَرُ	Indecent deed	21.	إستُقَادَ	To benefit
11.	أمَر	To command, enjoin	22.	دُمِيمٌ	Objectionable
		J	23.	حَميدٌ	Praiseworthy.

3.3 Conversation Two

Words of Advice

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Zayd:	رَأَيْدُكَ يَاقَمَرُ, جَالِسدًا أَمَا مَ دُلِكَ الشَّيْ خ, وَمَادُا قَالَ لَكَ؟	I saw you sit down before that old man. What was he telling you?
2.	Qamar:	كَا نَ يُلْ قَ مِي إِلَى النَّصَائِحِ النَّصَائِحِ	He was giving me pieces of advice
3.	Zayd:	هَلْ تَدْكُرُ بَعْ ضَ مَا قَالَ؟	Do you remember some of what he said?
4.	Qamar:	قالَ: لاَ تُضيَدِّع وَقَدَّك سددًى وكُن مؤدَّد با واحْتَرم مُعَلِّمك	He said do not waste your time in vain, be polite and respect your teacher.
5.	Zayd:	ثُمَّ مَادُا؟	Then what?
6.	Qamar:	قال: إص عْ إلَى مُدَرِّسِكَ عِنْدَ مَا يُلْقِي دُرُوسِكَ عِنْدَ مَا يُلْقِي دُرُوسَكُ حَتَّى تَقْهَمَهَا جَيِّدُا	He said listen to your teacher when he delivers his lessons so that you may understand it well.
7.	Zayd:	مَعْلُومٌ أَنَّ مَنْ لَمْ يَصِعْ يَرْ سَدُبْ فَ مَى الإِمْتِحَانش, اسْمِرْ	It is known that he who does not listen will fail in the exams. Continue.
8.	Qamar:	نص حَ لِي أَ ن أَنَا م مُبكِّرًا لِأسدْتَيْقِظ مُبكِّرًا وأن أَداكِر دُرُو سرى في الصباح بعد صلاة الفجر	He advised me to sleep early in order to wake up early and to revise my lessons in the morning after subh prayer.
9.	Zayd:	هَذِ ه ِ نُص يِحَة دُا ت قِيمَة, ثُمَّ مَادُا قَالَ؟	This is a valuable piece of advice. What did he say again?
10.	Qamar:	قَالَ: لَا تَعْتَادَ التَّدْخِينَ وَلا تُص احبِ الأشْرَارِ لِنَلا تُفْسر دَ خُلْقك وَلا تَقْطع حَدِيثًا دَارَ بَيْن شَخْصَيْن	He said: Do not be addicted to smoking, do not befriend rude persons so that your conduct may not be polluted and do not interrupt discussions going on between two persons.

11.	Zayd:	أناً أَحْقَ جُ إِلَى هَذِه النَّص النِّح مِدْ ك, هَل	I need these pieces of advice more than you. Could you give me more of them?
12.	Qamar:	مِنْ مِزِيدٍ مِنْهَا؟ قال: عَامِلْ زُمَلاءَ ك بكرَ م وَأَدَبٍ وَرِفْقٍ, وَلاَ تَكُنْ كَسُلائًا وَلاَ تَكُنْ كَسُلائًا	ten nes not be arrogant not be a
13.	Zayd:	زِدْنِي مِنْ هَذِهِ الْقُوَائِدِ	Let me have more of these profiting words.
14.	Qamar:	قال: كُن مُتَوَاضِ عاً لِلْكِبَارِ وَرَحِي ما لِلْكِبَارِ وَرَحِي ما لِلْقُقْرَاءِ وَالْمِتَا ما وَالْأَرَامِلَ وَاقْرَا الْقُرْآنَ كُلَّ حِين	He said: Respect the elderly and be merciful to the poor, orphans and the widow and read the Qur'aan every time.
15.	Zayd:	لَقَدْ اَفَادَ كَ الشَّدِّ خَ بكَثِير مِ ن ْ حِكَمِ ه وَسَأَعْمَلُ أَنَا بِهَا أَيْضًا	The old man has benefited you a lot from his wisdom and I will also make use of them.

3.5 Words And Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	اَلشَّيْخُ	Old man	13.	اسْتَيقظ	To wake up
2.	نَصِيحَة	Advice	14.	دُا کَرَ	To study, revise
3.	أضاع	To waste	15.	زَادَ	To increase
4.	سدًى	In vain	16.	زَمِيلٌ	Schoolmate.
5.	كُنْ ا	Be	17.	رفق	Gentleness
6.	مُؤَدَّبُ	Trained, polite	18.	كَسَلْلانٌ	Lazy
7.	اِحْتَرَمَ	Respect	19.	فَائِدَةٌ	Benefit
8.	أصنغى	To listen	20.	اَلتَّوَاضُعُ	Respect
9.	رَسنب	To fail	21.	ٱلْيَتِيمُ	Orphan
10.	الإمْتِحَانُ	Examination	22.	ٱلْأَرْمَلُ	Widow
11.	اِسْتَمَرَّ	To continue	23.	حِكْمَة	Wisdom
12.	مُبَكِّرًا	Early			

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE

Your father and you engaged in conversation in his effort to impart some moral lessons in you. Let us see this Arabic conversation that ensued between both of you.

4.0 CONCLUSION

You might have noted that moral lessons are an invaluable societal ingredient. No people with a language are without moral codes. These moral attitudes are adequately conveyed through the language and Arabic is not an exception.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, we have discussed in Arabic conversations moral codes bordering on formal and informal interactions and how best to behave in interpersonal matters.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

One day your father sat you down to assess your level of morality by interrogating you on the subject. Could you let us see this conversation that took place?

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

Cowan, Miltor J. (n.d). A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic, India: Modern Language Services.

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UNIT 3 CONVERSATIONS ON BUSINESS TRANSACTIONS

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- 2.0 Objectives
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Man is a social animal. He needs to interact and transact businesses with other people in order to survive. This he does using the instrumentality of language. Arabic language is replete with terms usable when doing business. Below are some of these terms brought for your advantage.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- Identify Arabic business terms.
- Use them in correct sentences of your own.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

Between Saceed and the shop keeper (SK)

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Sa ^c eed:		Good afternoon
2.	SK:	نَعَمْ, أَيَّةُ خِدْمَةٍ, زَبُونِي الْعَزيز؟ الْعَزيز؟	Yes, any service, my dear customer?
3.	Sa ^c eed:	أريدُ قمِيصَ حَريرِ	I want a silk shirt
4.	SK:	كَيْفَ تَجِدُ هَذَا؟	How do you find this one?

5.	Saceed:	أجِدُهُ رَائِعًا, إِنَّهُ قمِيص	I find it wonderful, it is a nice
		جَمِيل, وَلَكِنَ أُرِيدُ لَوْنًا	shirt but I want another colour
		آخَر	
6.	SK:	أَى لُوْنٌ تُريدُ؟	Which colour do you want?
7.	Sa ^c eed:	أزْرَ ق ُ سد َماوِيٌّ أو	Sky-blue or a fade yellow
		أصْفْرُ صَافِي	
8.	SK:	هَذَا أَفْضَلُ صِرِنْفٍ أَي	This is the best type. Which
		حَجْمٍ تَلْبَس	size do you wear?
9.	Saceed:	لا أعْدُمُ تَمَا مًا, قِس	I don't know exactly. Please
		رَقبَتِي مِنْ فضلْك	measure my neck
10.	SK:	قَدْ قِسْتُهَا وَهَذَا حَجْمُكَ	I have measured it. This is your
11.	Sa ^c eed:	مَا تُمَثُّهُ؟	size. How much is it?
12.	SK:	ا المناه	Four hundred naira
		اربعمانه بیره	
13.	Sa ^c eed:	اَلْتُمَ نُ عُالُ حِدًّا وِ اللهُ عَالَ حِدًّا وِ اللهُ الله	The price is too high. I shall pay three hundred naira
		سر أَدْفَعُ لَا كَ تَلاتُمِائَةُ	pay timee numerou numu
		نیرهٔ	
14.	SK:	لا باس, سيدِي	It's all right, sir.
15.	Sa ^c eed:	شُكْرًا, لَقُّهِ مِنْ فَصْلِكَ	Thank you, wrap it please
16.	SK:	وَمَادُا تُريدُ أَيْضًا	What else do you want?
17.	Sa ^c eed:	أريدُ ثلا ث َ أَرْوَا ج	I want three pairs of socks.
		جَوَارب	
18.	SK:	سَأَرِيكَ صِنْفًا مُمْتَازًا	I will show you an excellent
19.	Sa ^c eed:		kind. Let me see. This is really good.
17.	Sa cca.	دَعْ نَـ مِى أَرَى, هَدُا جَيِّد بِالْحَقِيقَةِ كَ م ْ يُكَلِّ ف	How much does each cost?
		بلحقيقة دم يد ف	
20.	SK:	الواجدِ: مائلة نَبْر َةً الزَّوْجُ	One hundred naira a pair.
21.	Sa ^c eed:	مِن الروج	Okay, wrap these three and this
<u></u>	Sa cca.		is three hundred naira.
		الثَّلاتُة, وَهَذِهِ تُلاَتُمِانَة	
22.	SK:	نیرصه شدر کار کار کار کار کار کار کار کار کار کا	Thank you
I	I DIV.	ווייבנו	Thank you

3.2 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	طاب	To be good	13.	لَيِسَ	To wear
2.	قمِيصٌ	Shirt	14.	قاس	To measure
3.	حَرِيرٌ	Silk	15.	تُمَنُ	Price
4.	رَائِعٌ	Beautiful Wonderful	16.	دَڤُعَ	To pay
5.	لَوْنٌ	Colour	17.	لا بَأْسَ بِهِ	Not bad.
6.	أزْرَقِ	Blue	18.	لَفَّ	To wrap
7.	سَمَاوِيٌ	Sky	19.	زَوْجٌ	Pair
8.	أَصْفُرُ	Yellow	20.	جَوْرَبٌ	Socks
9.	صاف	Pure	21.	مُمْتَازُ	Excellent, superior
10.	أفضل	Better	22.	بالْحَقِيقة	Really
11.	صِنْفٌ	Туре	23.	زَبُونِ	Customer.
12.	حَجْم	Size			

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE 1

Pick ten words from the above table and use them each in a correct Arabic sentence of your own.

3.3 Conversation Two

In the bank

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Hasan:	مِنْ فَصْلِكَ, أريدُ أنْ أصرِّفَ هَدُا	Please, could you pay me
		الصَّك	this cheque?
2.	Cashier:	هَلْ عِنْدَكَ حِسَابٌ فِي الْمَصْرِفِ؟	Do you have an account
		_	in the bank?
3.	Hasan:	لاً, مَا عِنْدِي حِسدَابٌ, أنا لَمْ أَفْتَح	No, I don't have account
		حسنانًا هُنَا اللهِ اللهُ الله	I did not open an account
			here.
4.	Cashier:	إِذْنْ هَاتِ الْبِطَاقَةِ أَوِ الْجَوَازَ	Bring your identity card
			or authorization
5.	Hasan:	تَقْضَلُ ٱلْجَوَازَ.	Have the permit
6.	Cashier:	حَسد نَا, إِذْهَ ب اللَّي الْخَزِينَةِ بَعْد	Good, go a little later to
		قليل.	the cash-box.
7.	Hasan:	شُكْرًا	Thank you.

8.	Cashier:	هَلْ ثُريدُ شَيئًا آخَرَ؟	Do you want any other
			thing?
9.	Hasan:	نَعَ م , أريدُ عُمْلَةُ أَجْنَبِيَّةُ وَأريد	Yes, I need foreign and
		عُمْلَةُ مُحَلِّيَّةً اللهُ شُبَّا كِ الْعُمُلات الْعُمُلات	local currencies.
10.	Cashier:	إِذْهَ بِ اللَّهِ شُئِّنا كَ الْعُمُلا ت	Go to foreign currency
		الأجْنبيَّةِ	Windom
11.	Hasan:	وَأَيْنِ هُوَ؟	And where is it?
12.	Cashier:	اَلشُّبَاكُ التَّالِثُ عَلَى الْيَمِينِ	The third window by the
			right.
13.	Hasan:	مِنْ قَضْلِكَ أريدُ أنْ اسْتَبْدِلَ هَذِه	Please I want to
		الدُّولارَات	exchange these dollars
14.	Cashier:	كَمِ الْعَدَد؟	How many?
15.	Hasan:	مِائَةً دُولاًرِ	One hundred dollars
16.	Cashier:	هَاتِ الْجَوَازَ مِنْ قُصْلِكَ	Please bring the
			authorization.
17.	Hasan:	تَفْضَّلْ	Here it is.
18.	Cashier:	وَقِعْ عَلَى هَذِهِ الْوَرَقَة	Append your signature
10		3.7.9.	on this paper
19.	Hasan:	كَمِ الْعَدَدُ؟	What is the exchange
20	C 1:	960 8 G	rate?
20.	Cashier:	مِائَةُ دُولارِ تُسد أوى بالْعُمْلة	One hundred dollars
		الْمَحَلِيَّةِ تُمَانِينَ جُنَيْهًا,	exchange for eighty
21.		إِذْهَبْ إِلَى الْخَزِيْنَةِ لِتَسْتَلِمَ النَّقُودَ	pounds local currency. Go to the cash box to
21.		إدهب إنى الحريبة بستبم التعود	collect the cash money.
22.	Hasan:	وَأَيْنَ هِيَ؟ فِي الرَّابِشِعِ إِلَى الْيَسَارِ فِي الشَّبَّاكِ الرَّابِشِعِ إِلَى الْيَسَارِ	And where is it?
23.	Cashier:	في الشُّدَّاك الرَّابشع الي الْيَسيار	At the fourth window by
			the left
24.	Hasan:	شُكْرًا	Thank you

3.4 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	صرَف	To pay	13.	مَحَلِيَّة	Local
2.	اَلصَّكُ	Cheque	14.	شُبَّاكُ	Window
3.	الْمَصْرَفُ	Bank	15.	الْيَمِينُ	Right
4.	حِسَابٌ	Bank account	16.	ٱليَسنارُ	Left
5.	هَاتِ	Bring.	17.	اِسْتَبْدَلَ	To exchange
6.	بطاقة	Card	18.	دُولار	Dollar

7.	بطاقة التَّعْريفِ	Identity card	19.	يُسنَاوِي	Equals to
8	ٱلْجَوَانُ	Passport, permit	20.	تّمَاثُونَ	Eighty
9.	الخزيئة	Cashbox	21.	مِائة	One hundred
10.	بَعْدَ قلِيلِ	A little later	22.	جُنَيْهُ	One pound
11.	عُمْلَة	Currency	23.	إسْتَلَمَ	To receive, collect
12.	أَجْنَبِيَّةُ	Bayonets	24	اَلنُّقُود	Cash money

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE 2

Identify ten Arabic to words for the banking business and use them each in a correct Arabic sentence of your own.

3.5 Conversation Three

At the Draper's Shop

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Khaalid:	أريدُ أَنْ اَشْنَرِيَ قَمَاشًا	I want to buy some clothes.
2.	Draper:	لِمَادُا تُريدُهُ؟	What do you want it for?
3.	Khaalid:	أريدُهُ مِنْ أَجْلِ بَدْلَةٍ	I want it for a suit.
4.	Draper:	مَا نَوْعُ الْقُمَا شِ الَّذِي تُريدُهُ؟	What sort of cloth do you want?
5.	Khaalid:	أريدُ جُو خامِ ن أعْلَى صرنف, أرَّ نرى أفضلَ ما عِنْدَك	I want broadcloth of superior quality. Show me the best you have.
6.	Draper:	اَعْتَقِدُ هَذَا أَفْضَلُ مَا فَ مِى اللهِ وَقِي اللهِ ا مصلبُوعٌ عَلَى صُوف	I think this is the best in the market. You see it is dyed in wool.
7.	Khaalid:	هَدُا اللَّوَعِنُ لاَيَدُومُ	This colour won't stand
8.	Draper:	مُسد ْتَحِيلٌ أَن ْ تَجِدَ قُمَا شَدًا أَفْضَل, سَأَريكَ قِطْعَةُ أَخْرَى	It is impossible to find any finer cloth. I will show you another piece.
9.	Khaalid:	هَذِهِ نَاعِمَةَ جِدًّا, إِنَّهَا مِن صِنْفٍ أَفْضَل, بِكَمْ تَبِيعُهَا؟	This is very soft. It is of better quality. How much do you sell it?
10.	Draper:	إِذَّ نرِي أَبِيعُ الْمِثْرَ بِثَلَاثِينَ	I sell it at thirty pounds a metre

		لِيرَة				
11.	Khaalid:	اِقطع لِى أَرْيَعَة أَمْتَارِ مِن فضلك	Cut	me	four	metres,
		فضالك	pleas	se		

Words and Their Meanings

S/N 1.	Arabic اِشْتُرَى	Meaning To buy	S/N 10.	Arabic دَامَ	Meaning To stand, be permanent
2.	قْمَاشُ	Clothe	11.	مُسْتَحِيلٌ	Impossible.
3.	بَدْلَة	Suit	12.	قِطْعَة	Piece
4.	مِنْ أَجْلِ	Because of, for.	13.	نَاعِمٌ	Soft
5.	جُوخٌ	Broadcloth	14.	بَاعَ	To sell
6.	اَعْتَقِدُ	To think, believe	15.	ٱلْمِتْرُ	Metre
7.	ٱلْستُّوقُ	Market	16.	تُلاثِينَ	Thirty
8.	مَصْبُوعٌ	Dyed	17.	لِيْرَةُ	Pound
9	صُوفِ	Wool			

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE 3

- 1. Pick ten words from the table above and use each of them in good Arabic sentence.
- 2. Your friend and you once exchanged ideas in Arabic about business transaction. Let us see your conversation.

4.0 CONCLUSION

You will agree with me that it is inevitable to transact businesses with other people for no man is an island. He has to mingle to get what he wants and be mingled with to give what others want from him. And language is an effective tool towards achieving this end. Arabic language as you can see provides expressions useful in business matters.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, we have brought in Arabic conversations what normally transpire between the buyer and the seller as well as the bank cashier and the customer. Events at the market places are also reflected in this unit. Your familiarity with this unit will enhance your conversational ability.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

Do you patronize the shops? Do you have anything to do with the bank? Let us see how you converse with the stakeholders of these businesses.

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

Cowan, Milton J.(n.d.). *A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic*, India: Modern Language Services.

Khoury, Sadallah S.(1979). *The Correct Translator for All Occasions without a Teacher*, Beirut: al-Hayāt Library.

UNIT 4 CONVERSATIONS ON MANUAL WORKS

CONTENTS

- 1.0 Introduction
- 2.0 Objectives
- 3.0 Main Content
 - 3.1 Conversation One
 - 3.2 Words and Their Meanings
 - 3.3 Conversation Two
 - 3.4 Words and Their Meanings
- 4.0 Conclusion
- 5.0 Summary
- 6.0 Tutor-Marked Assignment
- 7.0 References/Further Readings

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Manual works are part of the daily activities which man must do. Manual workers are an inevitable part of the human society. Their jobs help a lot to meet human needs. Hence, they are sought after for one thing or the other. Language as you have known is the medium through which agreements are reached when in need of manual works.

Arabic language adequately furnishes the speaker with the words and expressions usable in manual jobs.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be ale to:

- identify Arabic words in use in manual jobs
- use such words in comprehensible sentences
- converse eloquently with manual workers.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

At the Barber's Shop

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Zayd:	مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ	Good evening
2.	Barber:	مسد اء النُّور, أثريد أن	Good evening, do you want
		تَحْدِقُ أَمْ تُرْيَدُ أَنْ أَقُص	to shave or you want to have
		شَعْرَكَ؟	your hair cut?
3.	Zayd:	أريدُ أنْ أقص شَعْرى تُم	I want to have my hair cut,
		أَحْلِقَ ذِقْنِي أَثْرِيدُنِي أَنْ أقصِّرَهُ لَكَ؟	and then shave.
4.	Barber:	أتُريدُنِي أَنْ أقصر وَهُ لَكَ؟	Do you want me to cut it
			short for you?
5.	Zayd:	كَلاَّ, إِنَّهُ أَفْضَلُ هَكَدُا	No, it is better to keep it so.
6.	Barber:	أرْ جُ و أنْ تُمْشِطُ هُ إِلَى	Please, comb it upwards
		فُوقِ	
7.	Zayd:	هَلْ لَكَ أَنْ تَحْلِقَ لِي الآنَ؟	Could you shave for me now?
8.	Barber:	بكُلِّ سدرُورِ يا سديِّدِي هَل	With pleasure, sir, do you
		أَنْتَ عَادَةً تَحْلِقُ لِنَفْسِكَ أم	usually shave by yourself or
		تَدْهَبُ دَائِمًا إِلَى الْحَلاَق	you always go to a barber for
			a shave?
		لِيَحْلِقَ لَكَ؟	
9.	Zayd:	كَلاَّ, أَنَا أَحْلِقُ بِنَفْسِي	No, I shave by myself.
10.	Barber:	مَادُا تَسنتَعْمِلُ؟	What do you use?
11.	Zayd:	شَفْرَاتٌ وَمَعْجُونُ حَلاَقة	Razor blades, shaving cream
		وَ قُرْ شَنَاةً	and brush.

3.2 Words and Their Meanings

S/N 1.	Arabic حَلْقَ	Meaning To shave	S/N 7.	Arabic ٱلْحَلاَّقُ	Meaning Barber
2.	قص	To cut (hair)	8.	إستعمل	To use
3.	ٱلشَّعْرُ	Hair	9.	شَفْرَةُ	Razor blade
4.	ٱلدَّقْنُ	Chin	10.	مَعْجُونَ	Cream
5.	قصر	To cut short	11.	فُرْشَاةً	Brush.
6.	مَشْنَطُ	To comb		•	

3.3 Conversation Two

At the Tailor's Shop

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Taye:	أَيْنَ الْخَيَّاطُ الَّذِي يَخِيطُ	Where is the tailor that sews
		الْمَلابِسَ جَيِّدًا؟	clothes excellently?
2.	Kehinde:	فِي مَحَلِّ الْخَيَّاطِينَ شَرَّق	In the tailors place east of
		الْمَسْجِدِ الْكَبِيرِ	the big mosque.
3.	Taye:	هَلْ تُرَافِقْنِي إلَيْهِ؟	Could you accompany me to him?
4.	Kehinde:	بكُلِّ سُرُورٍ, مَادُا تُريدُ أن	With all pleasure. What do
		تُخَيِّطُ؟	you want to sew?
5.	Taye:	قِطْعَةُ مِنْ قُمَاشِ قُطْنِيً	A piece of woollen clothe.
6.	Kehinde:	هَلْ هِيَ الْقِطْعَةُ الَّدَيِي	Is it the piece which you
		اشْتَرَيْدَ هِ ام ن مُحَلّ	bought at the clothe market
		الأَقْمِشْنَةِ أَمْسٍ؟	yesterday?
7.	Taye:	نَعَمْ هِيَ	Yes, it is.
8.	Kehinde:	كَيْ فُ تُريدُ ها في	How exactly do you want it?
		التَّقْصِيلِ؟	
9.	Taye:	أريدُهَا بِأَكْمَامٍ قصِيرَةٍ	I want it with short sleeves.
10.	Kehinde:	إِذُنْ هَيَّا	Let's go, then
11.	Tailor	مَادُا تُرِيدَانِ؟	What do (both of) you want?
12.	TAye:	أريدُ كَ أَن تُخَيِّط كِي	I want you to sew a short-
		قميصاً دُاأَكْمام قصريرة	sleeved shirt for me from
		مِنْ هَدُا القُمَاشِ	this clothe.
13.	Tailor	دَعْنِي آخُدُ مَقَاسَكَ	Let me take your
1.4	TD.	204 44 0 494 44	measurement
14.	Taye:	مَتَى تَنْتَهِى مِنْ خِيَاطُتِهِ؟	When will you finish the
15.	Tailor	بَعْدَ غَدِّ إِنْ شَيَاءَ اللَّهُ	sewing? Day after tomorrow, God
	1 41101	بعد م اسم	willing.
16.	Taye:	مَا تُمَنُ الْخِيَاطَةِ؟	What is the sewing charges?
17.	Tailor	خَمْسُمُ اللَّهِ نَيْرَةٍ فَقَطْ	Five hundred naira only
18.	Taye:	اَلْيَوْ م مُوْعِدُ نَا لِهُل	Today is the promised day.
		الْقِمْيِصُ جَاهِزً؟	Is the shirt ready?
19.	Tailor	نَعَمْ, تَقْضَّلْ	Yes, here is it.

20.	Taye:	الْحَقِيقة انَّ الْخَيَّاطِينِ ا	It is a fine shirt. In fact, the tailors who work at the market place are experts.
		،محیت ِ معروی	

3.4 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	ٱلْخَيَّاطُ	Tailor	8.	كَمْ	Sleeve
2.	خَاطَ	To sew	9.	قصبِيرٌ	Short
3.	مَلْبَسٍ	Dress, clothe	10.	مَقَاسٌ	Measurement
4.	مُحَلُّ	Place	11.	خياطة	Tailoring
5.	شَرْق	East	12.	تُّمَنُّ	Price
6.	رَ افْقَ	То	13.	جَاهِزٌ	Ready
7.	تَقْصِيلٌ	accompany Detail	14.	مَاهِرٌ	Expert

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE

- 1. Choose any ten words from the above table and use them each in correct Arabic sentences.
- 2. Compose an Arabic conversation between two persons: one a manual worker and another a customer needing the service of the worker.

4.0 CONCLUSION

I hope that you are convinced that manual workers are very important in the society. You need them they need you. Also, you need not be told that language is the tool of meeting this societal obligation and that Arabic language is not found wanting in this regard. It is our belief that your study of this unit will improve your standing in the use of Arabic language.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, we have discussed in Arabic conversation matters relating to barbing and tailoring jobs. How you should approach them, how they should respond and how satisfactorily they have to do their job are seen in the unit.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

Do you barb your hair? If yes, tell us how your Arabic conversation with the barber looks like.

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

Cowan, Miltor J. (n.d). *A Dictionary of Modern Written Arabic*, India: Modern Language Services.

Khoury, Sadallah S. (1979). *The Correct Translator for All Occasions without a Teacher*, Beirut: Al-hayat Library.

UNIT 5 CONVERSATIONS ON MILITARY SERVICES AND SPORTS

CONTENTS

- 1.0 Introduction
- 2.0 Objectives
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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The military provides security services to people while sports entertain them. The two are indispensable to man. This is why you find in all languages, expressions about them. In Arabic, there are many words and expressions referring to them. However some of them will be brought in this unit.

2.0 OBJECTIVES

At the end of this unit, you should be able to:

- compose Arabic sentences using military and sports terms
- converse fluently in Arabic with people about these subjects.

3.0 MAIN CONTENT

3.1 Conversation One

Between Salmaan and Saceed

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Salmaan:	مَنْ هَذَا يَاسَعِيدُ؟	Who is this, Saeed?
2.	Sa ^c eed	هَذَا هُوَ الْجُنْدِ يُّ الَّذِي يُدَافِعُ عَنِ الْوَطْنِ يُدَافِعُ عَنِ الْوَطْنِ	This is the soldier that defends the country.
3.	Salmaan:	مَادُا يَحْمِلَ بِيَدِهِ الْيُمْنَى؟	What is he carrying on his right hand?

4.	Sa ^c eed:	يَحْمِلُ سد يَنْقَهُ الَّذِي	He is carrying his sword with which he attacks the enemies.
	0.1	يُهَاجِمُ بِهِ عَلَى الأعْدَاءِ	
5.	Salmaan:	وَهَلْ يُحَارِبُ بِالسَّيْفِ؟	And does he fight with sword?
6.	Sa ^c eed:	ٱلْجُنْدِيُّ يُحَارِ ب	The soldier combats with the
		ابالْبُنْدُقِيَّةِ وَيَضَ عُ فَيِي	gun and fixes bayonets to its end when attacking the
		رأ سد بها الحِرَابَة عِنْدُ	end when attacking the enemies.
		الْهُجُومِ عَلَى الْأَعْدَاءِ	
7.	Salmaan:	مَنْ هَوُلاءِ أيءضًا؟	Who are these, also?
8.	Saceed:	هَوُّ لاءِ هُ م	These are police men.
		الشُّرُطةِ	
9.	Salmaan:	هَلْ هُمُ الَّذِينَ يُدَافِعُون	Are they those who defend
		عَنِ ٱلوَطنِ؟	the country?
10.	Saceed:	لاَ, بَلْ هُم الَّدِين	No, they are rather the ones
		يَسْهَرُونَ وَنَحْنُ نِيَام	who stay up at night when we
11.	Salmaan:	0. 3.0 1.0 1	are asleep Why do they stay up at night?
		لَمِادُا يَسْهَرُونَ؟	, , , ,
12.	Sa ^c eed:	لِيَحْمُوا أَمْوَالًا نَـ اَ	To protect our property and
		ويُحَافِظُوا عَلَى أَنْفُسد نِنَا	our lives. They settle disputes
		وَيَقْضُونَ المُشْاجِرَاتِ	between people and arrest armed robbers in order to
		بَدْنَ النَّاسِ وَيُقْبِضُونِ	maintain peace.
		بين السر ويبون على الله وص	r
		لِلْمُحَافِظةِ عَلَى الأَمْن	
		ب المال	

3.2 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	ٱلْجُنْدِيُّ	Soldier	14.	جُنُودُ الشِّرْطة	Military Police
2.	يُدَافِعُ عَنْ	He defends	15.	اَلشَّرْطِيُّ	Policeman
3.	ٱلْوَطْنُ	The country	16.	يُدَافِعُونَ عَنْ	They defend, protect.
4.	ٱلْيَدُّ	Hand	17.	يسنهرون	They stay up at night.
5.	يَحْمِلُ	He carries	18.	يَحْمُونَ	They protect.
6.	سيف	A sword.	19.	أمْوَالْنَا	Our money, property
7.	يَهْجُمُ عَلَى	He attacks	20.	يُحَافِظُونَ عَلَى	They watch, take care.
8.	الأعداء	The enemies	21.	يَقْضُونَ	They separate, settle.
9.	يُحَارِبُ	He fights	22.	المشتاجرات	Disputes

10.	ٱلْبُنْدُقِيَّهُ	Gun	23.	يُقْبِضُونَ عَلَى	They arrest
11.	يَضَعُ	He places, fixes	24.	الأمْنُ	Security
12.	المراب	Bayonets			

3.3 Conversation Two

About First-Aid Service

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	^c Aaqib:	مَنْ هَذَا يَا صالِحُ	Who is this, Salih?
2.	Saalih:	هُوَ رَجُلُ الإِسْعَافِ وَأَمَامَهُ عُلام عُلام	He is a first-aid man and before him is a boy.
3.	cAaqib:	وَمَادُا يَعْمَلانِ؟	And what are they doing?
4.	Saalih:	اَلْغُلَامُ مَجْرُوحٌ فِي رَأْسِهِ وَرَجُلُ الإِسْعَافِ يَسْعَقْه	The boy was wounded in the head and the first-aid man is giving him first –aid treatment.
5.	cAaqib:	مَا مَعْنَى يَسْعَفْهُ؟	What is the meaning of he is giving him first aid treatment?
6.	Saalih:	يَضَدَعُ عَلَيِ الْجُرْ حِ أَدُويَةً لِإِيقَافِ الدَّمِ إِلَى أَنْ يَحْضُرُ الطَّبِيبِ	He puts medicine on the wound to stop the blood before the doctor comes
7.	^c Aaqib:	وَمَا مُهِمَّةُ رَجُلِ الإِسْعَافِ؟	What is the task of the first-aid man?
8.	Saalih:	مُهِمَّدُ 4 أَ سَدْعَافُ الْجَرِيحَ وَالْغَرِيقِ وَالْمَحْرُوقِ وَالْمَصَدُدُومَ وَحَمْلُ 4 أِلَى الْمُسَدُ تَشْفَى فَي سَدَيَّارَة عَلَيْهَا شِعَالُ الْإِسْعَاف	His task: is to aid the wounded, the drowned, the burnt, the knocked and carry him to the hospital in an ambulance.
9.	^c Aaqib:	وَمَنْ يَشْنَرِى هَذِهِ الأَدْوِية؟	Who buys these medicines?
10.	Saalih:	تَشْتَريهَا جَمَاعَةُ الإِسْعَافِ لِخِدْمَةِ الإِنْسَانِيَّة	The first aid men buy them as a service to humanity.
11.	cAaqib:	جَزَاهُمُ اللهُ خَيْرًا	May Allah bless them for it!

3.4 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	الإسعاف ا	First-aid.	11.	الطّبيبُ	Doctor
2.	رَجُل الإسْعَاف عُلامٌ	First-aid man	12.	مُهِمَّة	Task
3.		Boy	13.	ٱلْجَريحُ	The wounded
4.	مَجْرُوحٌ	Wounded	14.	ٱلْغَرِيقُ	The drowned
5.	يَسْعَفُهُ	He gives him first aid treatment	15.	ٱلْمَصندُومُ	The one knocked down
6.	اَلْجُرْحُ دَوَاءً	Wound	16.	ٱلْمَحْرُوقُ	The burnt
7.		Medicine, drug	17.	سد يَّارَة الإستعاف	Ambulance
8.	أَدْوِيَة	Medicines, drugs	18.	شیعار ً	Mark, sign
9.	اِيقَافُ	Stoppage	19.	الإِنْسَانِيَّةُ	Humanity
10.	ٱلدَّمُّ	Blood			

3.5 Conversation Three

At the Stadium

	Speaker	Arabic	Translation
1.	Nuuh:	أريدُ أَنْ أَدْهَبَ إِلَى الْمَلْعَبِ	I want to go to the stadium
2.	Aadam:	اًيُّ مَلْعَبٍ؟	Which stadium?
3.	Nuuh:	مَلْعَبُ كُرَّةِ الْقَدَمِ	Football field.
4.	Aadam:	مَنْ يَلْعَبُ الْيَوْمَ؟	Who are playing today?
5.	Nuuh:	فريقُ الْمَرْكَ لَزِ مَعِ فريق	Centre's team versus city
		المدينة	team.
6.	Aadam:	مَتَّى يَبْدُأُ اللَّعِبُ؟	When will the game start?
7.	Nuuh:	بَعْدَ صَلَاةِ الْعَصِيْر	After ^c asr prayer.
8.	Aadam:	وَمَتَى يَنْتَهِى؟	And when will it end?
9.	Nuuh:	قبْلَ صَلاةِ الْمَغْرِبِ	ضBefore maghrib prayer.
10.	Aadam:	إَذُنْ نُصلِّى الْعَصر تُمَّ نَذَهَب	Therefore, we will
		,	observe ^c Asr prayer
			and then go.

11.	Nuuh:	اِنْتَهَدْنَا الآنَ مِنَ الصَّلاةِ	We have finished praying,	
		هَيا بِنَا	let's go.	
12.	Aadam:	هَيَا	Let's go.	
13.	Nuuh:	قَدْ بَدَأُ اللَّهِ بِ وُ وَمَ نُ * هَذَا	Game has started. Who is	
		الَّذِي مَعَهُ الْكُرَّةُ الآنَ؟	this in possession of the ball now?	
14.	Aadam:	ٱلْكُرَّةُ الآنَ مَعَ خَالِدٍ مِن	The ball is now in the	
		فريق الْمَرْكَز	possession of Khaalid of the centre's team.	
15.	Nuuh:	خَالِدٌ لأعِبٌ سَرِيعٌ	Khalid is a fast player.	
16.	Aadam:	خَالِدٌ يَجْرِى نَحْوَ الْمَرْمَى	Khalid is running toward the goal post.	
17.	Nuuh:	هُوَ الآنَ بِالْقُرْبِ مِ ن	He is now near the net.	
		الشَّبَكَة		
18.	Aadam:	أَنْظُرْ خَالِدًا يَرْمِي الْكُرَّة!	See Khalid fire a shot!	
19.	Nuuh:	هَلْ دَخَلَتِ الْكُرَّةُ الشَّبَكَةِ؟	Did the ball enter the net?	
20	Aadam:	لاً, أخَدُهَا حَارِسُ الْمَرْمَى	No, the goal keeper caught	
		ag	it.	
21.	Nuuh:	اللَّعِبُ جَمِيلٌ وَفُريقْتَا نَشَيطٌ	The game is beautiful and	
		W. 80 . 0 .	our team is agile.	
22.	Aadam:	اَلْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ	Thank God.	

3.6 Words and Their Meanings

S/N	Arabic	Meaning	S/N	Arabic	Meaning
1.	ٱلْمَلْعَبُ	Stadium, playing ground	13.	ٱلْكُرَّةُ	Ball
2.	كُرَّةُ الْقَدَم	Foot-ball	14.	لاعِبُ	Player
3.	ڤريقً	Team	15.	سريعً	Swift, fast
4.	ٱلْمَرْكَزُ	Centre	16.	یَجْرِی	He runs
5.	الْمَدِينَةُ	City.	17.	نَحْقَ	Toward
6.	مَتَى	When	18.	اَلْمَر ْمَى	Goal post
7.	اِنْتَهَى	To end	19.	بالقرب	Near.
8.	صلاة العصر	Afternoon Salat	20.	اَلشَّبَكَهُ	Net
9.	صلاة المغرب	Sunset Salat	21.	يَرْمِی	He shoots, fires, throws
10.	نُصلَی	We perform salah	22.	حَارِسُ الْمَرْمَى	Goal keeper

11.	صَلاةٌ	Islamic ritual prayer	23.	تَشْيِطُ	Agile.
12.	ٱلْقَدَمُ	Foot			

SELF ASSESSMENT EXERCISE

- 1. Pick 5 terms of military, 5 terms of first aid and 5 terms of sports and use them each in correct Arabic sentences.
- 2. Compose a conversation between two persons on military service and another on football

4.0 CONCLUSION

The military service has its own modus open and, specialized tools and men with distinct attitudes while there are also manners, tools and men for sports. All these are adequately expressed in Arabic language and are brought in conversational style to ease your learning.

5.0 SUMMARY

In this unit, we have specifically mentioned the soldier and his manner of operation, the policeman and his style of service, the first aid man and how he goes about rescuring peoples with first aid treatment and the footballer and how he behaves on the field. All these we have treated in conversational style not only to show that Arabic language has terms for them but to enrich your treasure of Arabic vocabulary.

6.0 TUTOR-MARKED ASSIGNMENT

Engage your friend in lengthy Arabic centering on the soldier, the policeman, the first aid man, the footballer and their works

7.0 REFERENCES/FURTHER READINGS

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